ORANGEVALE RECREATIONAND PARK DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Table of Contents

Independent Auditor's Report	1
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	3
Statement of Activities	
Fund Financial Statements	
Governmental Funds:	
Balance Sheet	5
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the	
Government-Wide Statement of Net Position – Governmental Activities	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	7
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	
In Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Government-Wide	
Statement of Activities – Governmental Activities	8
Notes to the Financial Statements	9
Required Supplementary Information:	
Budgetary Comparison Schedules:	
General Fund	23
Landscape and Lighting	
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	
Schedule of the District Pension Contributions	
Note to the Required Supplementary Information	27
Tiote to the required supplementary information	41

LARRY BAIN, CPA

An Accounting Corporation

2148 Frascati Drive, El Dorado Hills, CA 95762 / 916.601-8894 <u>lpbain@sbcqlobal.net</u>

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Orangevale Recreation and Park District Orangevale, CA

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Orangevale Recreation and Park District as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively make up the basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our Responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit includes performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Orangevale Recreation and Park District as of June 30, 2020, and the changes in financial position, of those activities and funds for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

The Orangevale Recreation and Park District has not presented the Management Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

The required supplementary information other than MD&A, as listed in the table of contents as the budgetary comparison for the General fund and landscape and lighting assessment district on pages 23 and 24 the Orangevale Recreation and Park District Employees' Retirement System Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Position Liability and the Retirement System Schedule of the District's Contributions on pages 25 and 26; be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Larry Bain, CPA, An Accounting Corporation November 23, 2020

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and investments	\$ 2,284,415
Due from other government	22,899
Restricted cash and investments	550,627
Capital assets:	
Land	6,752,433
Construction in progress	307,892
Land improvements	2,832,827
Buildings and improvements	5,122,852
Equipment	1,035,670
Less: accumulated depreciation	(4,746,853)
Capital assets-net	11,304,821
Total assets	14,162,762
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflows-pensions	496,238
Liabilities	
Current liabilities:	
Claims payable	22,536
Accrued wage	45,525
Deposits	2,100
Accrued interest	14,996
Due within one year	102,293
Total current liabilities	187,450
Non-current liabilities:	
Due in more than one year	2,534,878
Total liabilities	2,722,328
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows-pensions	211,056
Total deferred inflows of resources	211,056
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	10,185,891
Restricted debt proceeds	30,608
Unrestricted	1,509,117
Total net position	\$ 11,725,616

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

				Prog	gram Revenues			F	let (Expense) Revenue and ge in Net Position
		Ch	arges for	Oper	rating Grants	Cap	ital Grants	(overnmental
Functions/programs	 Expenses		Services	-	Contributions	-	ontributions		Activities
Governmental Activities									
Community services/recreation	\$ 2,969,419	\$	391,994	\$	565,796	\$	78,168	\$	(1,933,461)
Interest on long-term debt	 34,032		,			-			(34,032)
Total governmental activities	\$ 3,003,451	\$	391,994	\$	565,796	\$	78,168		(1,967,493)
	G	enera	l Revenues	:					
	_	Taxe							
		Pro	perty tax, le	evied for	general purpos	ses			1,489,116
			stment inco						51,150
		Othe	r						10,582
		Tota	al general re	evenues					1,550,848
		(hange in n	et positio	on				(416,645)
		Net p	osition - be	ginning					12,142,261
		Net p	osition - er	ding				\$	11,725,616

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2020

		Major Funds				Non-Major Funds					
		Orangevale						K	enneth		
		Landscape Park			Park	D	eveloper	Grove			Total
	General	&	Lighting	De	velopment]	In-Lieu	Assessment		Go	vernmental
	 Fund]	District		Fees		Fees	District			Funds
Assets											
Cash and investments	\$ 1,489,723	\$	771,257	\$	-	\$	-	\$	23,435	\$	2,284,415
Due from other government	11,402		6,253		3,949		1,111		184		22,899
Restricted cash and investments	 30,608				377,424		142,595				550,627
Total assets	\$ 1,531,733	\$	777,510	\$	381,373	\$	143,706	\$	23,619	\$	2,857,941
Liabilities											
Claims payable	\$ 15,363	\$	7,172	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	22,535
Accrued payroll	45,525										45,525
Deposits	 2,100										2,100
Total liabilities	 62,988		7,172								70,160
Fund Balances											
Restricted	33,608				381,373		143,706				558,687
Assigned	1,173,764		770,338						23,619		1,967,721
Unassigned	 261,373										261,373
Total fund balances	 1,468,745		770,338		381,373		143,706		23,619		2,787,781
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,531,733	\$	777,510	\$	381,373	\$	143,706	\$	23,619	\$	2,857,941

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

Fund balances of governmental funds	\$ 2,787,781
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, are not current financial resources and	
are not included in the governmental funds.	11,304,821
Some liabilities, including long-term debt, accrued interest and compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Compensated absences	(83,748)
Accrued interest	(14,996)
Net pension liability, deferred inflows/outflows	(1,149,312)
Long-term debt	 (1,118,930)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 11,725,616

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Gener Fund			Major angevale andscape Lighting District		Park Development Fees		Non-Maj Developer In-Lieu Fees	As	Kenneth Grove sessment District	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Revenues												
Property taxes	\$	1,476,146	\$	_	\$	· -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,476,146
Intergovernmental revenues		12,970										12,970
Charges for current services		287,534										287,534
Special assessments		-		560,416		64,954		13,214		5,380		643,964
Use of money and property		131,361		12,915		8,555		2,392		386		155,609
Other revenues and reimbursements		10,582		-		-		_,0,_		200		10,582
other revenues and reminutes enemis	-	10,502			_						_	10,502
Total revenues		1,918,593		573,331		73,509		15,606		5,766		2,586,805
Expenditures												
Salaries and benefits		1,565,522		_						_		1,565,522
Services and supplies		400,222		434,388						2,099		836,709
Capital outlay		1,076,115		169,769				2,00		_,0>>		1,245,884
Debt service		1,070,113		10),/0)								1,2 10,00 1
Principal		83,449		_								83,449
Interest		25,514		_								25,514
Debt issuance costs		43,000										43,000
Debt issuance costs	-	43,000			_		_					45,000
Total expenditures		3,193,822	· 	604,157	_					2,099		3,800,078
Total revenues over (under) expenditures												
Before other financing sources (uses)		(1,275,229)		(30,826)	_	73,509		15,606		3,667		(1,213,273)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)												
Proceeds of debt		993,000										993,000
Operating transfers in		136,806				-						136,806
Operating transfers out						(136,806)						(136,806)
	-			_		· · · · ·						
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,129,806			<u> </u>	(136,806)				·		993,000
Net change in fund balances		(145,423)		(30,826)		(63,297)		15,606		3,667		(220,273)
Fund balances, beginning of fiscal year		1,614,168		801,164		444,670		128,100		19,952		3,008,054
Fund balances, end of fiscal year	\$	1,468,745	\$	770,338	_\$	381,373	\$	143,706	\$	23,619	\$	2,787,781

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (220,273)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities differs from the amounts reported in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the costs of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense or are allocated to the appropriate functional expense when the cost is below the capitalization threshold. This activity is reconciled as follows:	
Cost of assets capitalized Depreciation expense	1,245,884 (209,949)
Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.	83,449
New debt is recorded as other financing sources in the funds, but the debt is recognized as a liability in the statement of net position	(993,000)
Accrued interest reported in the statement of activities does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported in governmental funds.	(8,517)
Changes in proportions from the pension do not effect expenditures in the governmental funds, but the change is adjusted through expense in the government-wide statement.	(299,993)
Compensated absences reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds.	 (14,246)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (416,645)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The District was organized by a vote of the public. It is operated under the direction of a five-member board duly elected and empowered by the electorate with sole authority over the District operations. Although the District is independent from the Sacramento County Board of Supervisors, its financial activities are processed through the County Auditor-Controller's Office.

In addition to providing recreational programs and services to the community, the District maintains park sites. The accounting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The District has defined its reporting entity in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations, and functions should be included in the reporting entity. In evaluating how to define the District for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The primary criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's financial accountability. A primary governmental entity is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of a component unit's governing body and it is able to impose its will on the component unit, or if there is a potential for the component unit to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. A primary government may also be financially accountable if a component unit is fiscally dependent on the primary governmental entity regardless of whether the component unit has a separately elected governing board, a governing board appointed by a higher level of government, or a jointly appointed board.

Based upon the aforementioned oversight criteria, the following are component units:

The Orangevale Landscape and Lighting District and the Kenneth Grove Assessment District are included in the special revenue funds of the District.

B. Basis of Accounting

Government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned or, for property tax revenues, in the period for which levied. Expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when both measurable and available. Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible in the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Resources not available to finance expenditures and commitments of the current period are recognized as deferred revenue or as a reservation of fund balance. The District considers property taxes available if they are collected within sixty-days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Principal and interest on general long-term debt, as well as compensated absences and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due. General capital acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and capital leases are reported as other financial sources.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Non-Current Governmental Assets/Liabilities

GASB Statement 34 eliminates the presentation of account groups, but provides for these records to be maintained and incorporates the information into the Governmental Activities column in the government-wide statement of net position.

D. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the primary government (the District). These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Governmental activities are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the program expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Program expenses include direct expenses, which are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the programs and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in separate columns. All remaining governmental funds are separately aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Governmental Fund Types

Governmental funds are used to account for the District's expendable financial resources and related liabilities (except those accounted for in proprietary funds). The measurement focus is based upon determination of changes in financial position. The following are the District's governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - This fund accounts for all the financial resources not required to be accounted for in another fund. This fund consists primarily of general government type activities.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - These funds account for the activity of the developer in lieu fees, impact fees as well as the two landscape and lighting maintenance districts that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

The District does not operate enterprise funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

F. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets are financial resources generated for a specific purpose such as construction of improvements and financing of debt obligations. These amounts are restricted, as their use is limited by applicable bond covenants or other external requirements.

G. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences represent the vested portion of accumulated vacation. In accordance with GASB 16, the liability for accumulated leave includes all salary - related payments that are directly and incrementally connected with leave payments to employees, such as retirement pay. A current liability has been recorded in the governmental fund type to account for these vested leave accruals, which are expected to be used within the next fiscal year. At June 30, 2020, a long-term liability of \$83,748 for governmental activities has been recorded in the government-wide, statement of net position for unpaid vacation leave.

H. Property Taxes

The District receives property taxes from the County of Sacramento, which has been assigned the responsibility for assessment, collections, and apportionment of property taxes for all taxing jurisdictions within the County. Secured property taxes are levied on January 1 for the following fiscal year and on which date it becomes a lien on real property. Secured property taxes are due in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and are delinquent after December 10 and April 10, respectively, for the secured roll. Based on a policy by the County called the Teeter Plan, 100% of the allocated taxes are transmitted by the County to the District, eliminating the need for an allowance for uncollectible taxes. The County, in return, receives all penalties and interest. Property taxes on the unsecured roll are due on the January 1 lien date and become delinquent if unpaid by August 31. Property tax revenues are recognized in the fiscal year they are received.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

I. Capital Assets

Capital assets, recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available, are reported in the governmental activities and business-type activities columns of the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets include land, buildings and site improvements and equipment and machinery. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Depreciation is recorded in the government-wide financial statements on the straight-line basis over the useful life of the assets as follows:

Assets	<u>Useful Life</u>
Buildings	50 years
Building improvements	10-20 years
Site improvements	10-20 years
Equipment and machinery	5 to 20 years

J: Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources in governmental funds arise when potential revenue does not meet the "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Deferred inflows of resources (deferred revenue in accrual based statements) also arises when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them (i.e., when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures).

K. Interfund Transactions

Operating transfers are transactions to allocate resources from one fund to another fund not contingent on the incurrence of specific expenditures in the receiving fund. Interfund transfers are generally recorded as operating transfers in and operating transfers out in the same accounting period. Transfers between governmental funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide presentation.

L. Pensions

For purpose of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District's Sacramento County Employees' Retirement System (SCERS) plans (Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Plan' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by SCERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Note 2: Cash and Investments

Cash and investments at June 30, 2020, consisted of the following:

Checking account	\$ 17,701
Imprest cash	200
Cash and investments with County Treasurer	2,817,141
Total cash and investments	\$ 2,835,042

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 2: <u>Cash and Investments (Continued)</u>

A. Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the Entity's Investment Policy

The table below identifies the **investment types** that are authorized for the Orangevale Recreation and Park District by the California Government Code (or the District's investment policy, where more restrictive). The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the District's investment policy, where more restrictive) that address **interest rate risk, credit risk** and **concentration of credit risk**. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustees that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the District, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the District investment policy.

	Maximum	Percentage	Investment
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	of Portfolio	in One Issuer
Investment pools authorized under CA			
Statutes governed by Government Code	N/A	None	\$40 million
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
Bank Savings Accounts	N/A	25%	None
Federal Agencies	5 years	75%	None
Commercial Paper	180 days	20%	None
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	180 days	20%	None
Re-Purchase Agreements	180 days	20%	None
Corporate Debt	5 years	25%	None

B. Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates that will adversely affect the fair value of and investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the District's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the District's investment maturity:

		Remaining Maturity (in Months					
		1	2 Months		13-48		
Investment Type	Totals		or Less		Months		
Sacramento County*	\$ 2,817,141	\$	2,817,141	\$	-		
Totals	\$ 2,817,141	\$	2,817,141	\$	_		

^{*}Not subject to categorization

C. Concentrations of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the District contains limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer. There are no investments to one issuer exceeding those limits.

D. Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposit or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 2: Cash and Investments (Continued)

D. Custodial Credit Risk (Continued)

The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g. broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment of collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the District's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits; The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secured deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the government unit). The fair value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure the District's deposits by pledging first deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

At June 30, 2020, the District's deposits balance was \$17,148 and the carrying amount was \$17,701. The difference between the bank balance and the carrying amount was due to normal outstanding checks and deposits in transit. Of the bank balance all was covered by the Federal Depository Insurance or by collateral held in the pledging bank's trust department in the District's name.

E. Investment in Government Pool

The District maintains certain cash and investments with the Sacramento County Treasurer in an investment pool. The District's funds are managed in accordance with the investment policy of the County Treasury. On a quarterly basis the Treasurer allocates interest to participants based upon their average daily balances. Required disclosure information regarding the categorization of investments and investment risk can be found in the County's financial statements. The Sacramento County's financial statements may be obtained online at the following link: finance.saccounty.net/AuditorController/Pages/.

Required disclosures for the District's investment in the Sacramento County Investment Pool at June 30, 2020 are as follows:

Credit risk Not rated
Custodial risk Not applicable
Concentration of credit risk Not applicable
Interest rate risk Not available

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 3: Property Plant and Equipment

Activity for general fixed assets capitalized by the District is summarized below:

	Balance		Additions		Ret	irements/	Balance		
Governmental Activities	Jı	July 1, 2019		Adjustments		Adjustments		ne 30, 2020	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:									
Land	\$	6,212,723	\$	539,710	\$	-	\$	6,752,433	
Construction in progress		290,834		69,558		(52,500)		307,892	
Capital assets, being depreciated:									
Land improvements		2,742,872		89,955				2,832,827	
Buildings and improvements		4,630,980		491,872				5,122,852	
Equipment		928,381		107,289				1,035,670	
Total capital assets, being depreciated		8,302,233		689,116				8,991,349	
Less accumulated depreciation for:									
Land improvements		(1,829,201)		(78,129)				(1,907,330)	
Buildings and improvements		(1,945,802)		(111,599)				(2,057,401)	
Equipment		(761,901)		(20,221)				(782,122)	
Total accumulated depreciation		(4,536,904)		(209,949)				(4,746,853)	
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		3,765,329		479,167				4,244,496	
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	10,268,886	\$	1,088,435	\$	(52,500)	\$	11,304,821	

Note 4: Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in the governmental activities long-term liabilities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020:

	Balance ıly 1, 2019	Additions R		Re	etirements	Balance ne 30, 2020	Due With One Yea	
Compensated absences	\$ 69,502	\$	43,354	\$	(29,108)	\$ 83,748	\$	14,554
Net pension liability	1,359,091		75,402			1,434,493		-
Capital lease A	209,379				(66,449)	142,930		69,739
Capital lease B			993,000		(17,000)	976,000		18,000
Total	\$ 1,637,972	\$	1,111,756	\$	(112,557)	\$ 2,637,171	\$	102,293

Governmental activities long-term debt obligations consisted of the following:

Compensated Absences

The District recognizes the accumulated unpaid employee vacation benefits as a liability and the long-term portion is recorded as compensated absences in the government-wide statement of net position. The current portion, if any, is also recorded in the fund financial statement in the general fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 4: <u>Long-Term Liabilities</u> (Continued)

Capital Leases

A. The District purchased property adjacent to an existing park for \$800,000. A capital lease was obtained to finance the purchase. Fifteen annual payments in the amount of \$76,814, for both principal and interest, will commence on November 15, 2007 and end November 15, 2021 with a prepayment option beginning November 15, 2013. The annual interest rate on this lease is 4.95%.

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2020, are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended			
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 69,739	\$ 7,075	\$ 76,814
2022	73,191	3,623	76,814
Totals	142,930	10,698	153,628

B. On September 12, 2019 the District closed escrow, purchasing three buildings on approximately 3.76 acres of land in two parcels for a purchase price of \$917,500. To finance the purchase the District entered into a capital lease agreement on September 1, 2019 with CSDA Finance Corporation which was then assigned to Capital One Public Funding, LLC. The debt incurred under the capital lease was \$993,000 of which \$894,392 was used to pay off the remaining purchase price plus closing fees on the land purchase, \$43,000 was used to pay the cost of issuance for the capital lease and \$55,608 was sent to the District to be used for tenant improvements and reimbursement of the \$25,000 down payment on the property. The semi-annual debt payments start on March 1, 2020 through September 1, 2039 with semi-annual principal and interest payments ranging from \$32,150.15 to \$34,530.

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2020, are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended			
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 36,000	\$ 31,428	\$ 67,428
2022	38,000	30,241	68,241
2023	39,000	29,007	68,007
2024	40,000	27,723	67,723
2025	42,000	26,407	68,407
2026-2030	230,000	110,631	340,631
2031-2035	270,000	70,446	340,446
2036-2040	281,000	23,319	304,319
Totals	\$ 976,000	\$ 349,202	\$ 1,325,202

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 5: Park Dedication Fund

The County maintains two funds for the benefit of the Orangevale Recreation and Park District. The corpus of the funds consist of in lieu fees paid by developers of subdivisions within the boundaries of the District. The use of these funds by the District is restricted for the purpose of providing park and recreation facilities to serve the population. The funds are collected by the County of Sacramento building department as part of the developer building fees and then transferred to a District funds established for developer fees. The Board of Directors is required by resolution to authorize transfer of the funds into the general fund of the District, to be spent on restricted projects benefiting the community. The activity of these funds is recorded in special revenue funds of the District.

Note 6: Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District together with other districts in the State carry California Association For Park And Recreation Insurance (CAPRI), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for member districts. The District pays an annual premium to CAPRI for its general insurance coverage. Furthermore the District carries workers compensation coverage with other districts in the State through CAPRI. Membership in the California Association of Recreation and Park Districts is required when applying for CAPRI.

The Agreement for Formation provides that CAPRI will be self-sustaining through member premiums. CAPRI reinsures through commercial companies for general and automobile liability excess claims and all risk property insurance, including boiler and machinery coverage, is subject to a \$2,000 deductible occurrence payable by the District. Financial statements for CAPRI are available at the District's office for fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. Settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the last three years.

Note 7: Lease Income

The District derives a portion of its revenue from the rental of real property based on a fixed lease amount. All leases of the District are treated as operating leases for accounting purposes. Lease terms are for a period of five years and can be terminated by lessor at any time and without cause by giving the District thirty days written notice of termination. Because these are cancelable leases we do not present the operating revenue over the term of the lease. On June 1, 2020 the District amended the Cell Tower lease agreement with Crown Castle.

Note 8: Defined Benefit Pension Cost-Sharing Employer Plan

A. General Information about the Pension Plans

Plan Descriptions –The Orangevale Recreation and Park District contributes to the Sacramento County Employees' Retirement System (SCERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by SCERS. The plan provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefits are established by the County Employees' Retirement Act of 1937, section 31540, et seq. of the California Government Code. SCERS issues a separate actuarial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information at www.scers.org.

Benefits Provided – SCERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. Contributions to the plan are made pursuant to Section 31584 of the County Employees Retirement Law of 1937. Active plan members in the District's defined pension plan are required to contribute 10.86% of their bi-monthly covered salary over \$161 for classic members and 9.37% of all salary for PEPRA members. The District is required to contribute the actuarially determined remaining amounts necessary to fund the benefits for its members.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 8: <u>Defined Benefit Pension Cost-Sharing Employer Plan (Continued)</u>

The actuarial methods and assumptions used are those adopted by the SCERS' Board of Administration. Under the actuarial funding method used by the System, investments are valued at fair value and all unrealized gains and losses are recognized over the next five years, therefore, contribution rates reflect the impact of market fluctuations on investments during the five-year period after they occur.

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2020, are summarized as follows:

Miscellaneous

	Prior to	On or after
Hire date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	2.00% @ 55	2.00% @ 62
Benefit vesting s chedule	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	50-55	52 - 67
Benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	1.50% to 2.00%	1.00% to 2.00%
Required employee contribution rates	10.81%	9.45%
Required employer contribution rates	28.67%	27.22%

Contributions – Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the Plans are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the contributions recognized as part of pension expense for each Plan were as follows:

Contributions-employer \$ 206,891

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2020, the District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate shares of the net pension liability of the Plan as follows:

Proportionate share of
Net pension liability
\$ 1,434,493

Miscellanous plan

The District's net pension liability for each Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. For the June 30, 2020 reporting period, the net pension liability of each of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability for each Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017 rolled forward to June 30, 2018 using standard update procedures. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 8: Defined Benefit Pension Cost-Sharing Employer Plan (Continued)

The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as of June 30, 2019 and 2020 was as follows:

Proportion - June 30, 2019	0.069%
Proportion - June 30, 2020	0.069%
Change - increase (decrease)	0.000%

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$506,804. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	red outflows resources		rred inflows	
		of resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 45,147	\$	-	
Changes in assumptions	218,363			
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments			(211,056)	
Changes in proportion				
Difference in proportionate share of contributions	25,837			
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 206,891			
Total	\$ 496,238	\$	(211,056)	

\$206,891 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Measurement period

ended June 30:	
2021	\$ 119,894
2022	\$ (22,921)
2023	\$ (26,471)
2024	\$ 7,789
2025	\$ -
Thereafter	\$ -

Actuarial Assumptions – The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

	Miscellaneous
Valuation date	June 30, 2018
Measurement date	June 30, 2019
Actuarial cost method	Entry-Age Normal Cost Meth-
Actuarial assumptions:	
Discount rate	7.00%
Inflation	3.00%
Projected salary increase	4.50% to 10.75%
Investment rate of return	7.00%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 8: Defined Benefit Pension Cost-Sharing Employer Plan (Continued)

Discount Rate – The discount rates used to measure the Total Pension Liability (TPL) were 7.00% as of valuation dates June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017, respectively. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate1 and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits for current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs for future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, the pension Plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TPL as of both June 30, 2018 and June 30, 2017 valuation dates.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These returns are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adding expected inflation and subtracting expected investment expenses and a risk margin. The target allocation (approved by the Board) and projected arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, after deducting inflation, but before deducting investment expenses, used in the derivation of the long-term expected investment rate of return assumption are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-term expected			
Asset Class	allocation	real rate of return			
U.S. Large Cap Equity	17.00%	5.61%			
U.S. Small Cap Equity	4.00%	6.37%			
International Developed Equity	16.00%	6.96%			
Emerging Market Equity	4.00%	9.28%			
High Yield Bonds	1.00%	3.65%			
Bank Loans	1.00%	2.96%			
Growth Oriented Abs. Return	3.00%	4.97%			
Private Equity	9.00%	8.70%			
Private Credit/Debt	4.00%	5.10%			
Core/Core Plus Bonds	10.00%	1.06%			
Global Bonds	3.00%	0.07%			
U.S. Treasury	5.00%	0.16%			
Diversifying Abs. Return	7.00%	3.04%			
Private Real Estate	7.00%	4.37%			
Private Assets	7.00%	7.74%			
Commodities	2.00%	3.76%			

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate — The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (NPL) for each Plan, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the NPL would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	ount rate -1%	Curr	ent discount	Dis	count rate +1%	
		(6.00%)	rat	e (7.00%)		(8.00%)
Miscellaneous	\$	2,568,674	\$	1.434.493	\$	507,874

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 9: Post Employment Health Care Benefits

On August 20, 2015 the District Board of Directors approved participating in the retiree health care program with Sacramento County. The County retiree medical and dental premiums, contribution levels and eligibility and participation rules are reviewed and approved annually and at other times as needed. The District and all its retirees shall be subject to the same eligibility requirements and all other rules governing the County Retiree Health Insurance Program.

<u>Plan Description</u> The plan is a single-employer plan and it does not issue a publicly available report. The District participates in the County of Sacramento plan, which provides medical and dental insurance and subsidy/offset payments as authorized by the Board of Supervisors on an annual basis. The Board of Supervisors must approve the benefit annually or it is terminated.

All annuitants are eligible to enroll in a retiree medical and/or dental insurance plan in a given calendar year if (1) they began receiving a continuing retirement allowance from SCERS during the calendar year, or (2) they were enrolled in the annual plan previously approved by the County, or (3) they previously waived coverage but elected to enroll during the County authorized enrollment period with a coverage date effective January of the calendar year.

The amount of any medical subsidy/offset payments made available to eligible annuitants shall be calculated based upon the annuitants SCERS service credits.

Neither SCERS nor the County guarantees that a subsidy/offset payment will be made available to annuitants for the purchase of County-sponsored medical and/or dental insurance. Subsidy/offset payments are not a vested benefit of District employees or SCERS membership.

The amount of the subsidy/offset payment, if any, payable on account of enrollment in a County sponsored retiree medical and/or dental insurance plan is established within the sole discretion of the County Board of Supervisors. The amount of the subsidy/offset payments, the funding policy, the annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation as well as the funding status and actuarial methods and assumptions can be found in the Sacramento County Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Note 10: ERAF Property Tax Shift

During the 2019-20 fiscal year the County of Sacramento Department of Finance Auditor Controller Division shifted \$229,756 (estimated) property tax revenue from the Orangevale Recreation and Park District to the educational revenue augmentation fund (ERAF). The ERAF I property tax shift started during the 1992-1993 fiscal year to help solve the State budget crisis. The ERAF I shifts property tax revenues, designated for special districts, to community colleges and schools K-12. The accumulated total property tax revenues shifted from Orangevale Recreation and Park District from the 1992-1993 fiscal year through the 2019-2020 fiscal year was \$4,246,008.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 11: Gann Limit

Total Subject Revenue 2019-20		\$ 2,120,110
Amount of limit for 2019-20		3,608,950
Amount (under)/over limit	9	\$ (1.488.840)

Under Article XIIIB of the California Constitution (the Gann Spending Limitation Initiative), California governmental agencies are restricted as to the amount of annual appropriation from proceeds of taxes. Under Section 10.5 of Article XIIIB the appropriations limit is required to be calculated based on the limit for the fiscal year 1986-87, adjusted for inflation and population factors as supplied by the State Department of Finance.

Note 12: <u>Fund Balances – Governmental Funds</u>

The District adopted a policy for GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting. GASB 54 establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. While the classifications of fund balance in the District's various governmental funds were revised, the implementation of this standard had no effect on total fund balance. Detailed information on governmental fund-type, fund balances are as follows:

	General Fund		La &	angevale undscape Lighting District	Developer In-Lieu Fees		Park Development Fees		Ass	Grove sessment District
Restricted for:										
Developer Deposits	\$	-	\$	-	\$	143,706	\$	381,373	\$	-
Debt proceeds		33,608								
Total restricted		33,608				143,706		381,373		
Committed										
Assigned for:										
Capital replacement - Swimming Pool		200,000								
Capital Replacement - Community Center		150,000								
Capital Replacement - Parking Lots & Pathways		50,000								
Capital Replacement - Park Equipment		145,014								
Maintenance				522,038						23,619
Next years budget		628,750		248,300						
Total assigned		1,173,764		770,338						23,619
Unassigned		261,373								
Total fund balance	\$	1,468,745	\$	770,338	\$	143,706	\$	381,373	\$	23,619

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

Note 13: Commitments and Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

In the normal course of business, the District is a defendant in various lawsuits. Defence of lawsuits are typically handled by the District's insurance carrier and losses, if any, are expected to be covered by insurance. The District is unaware of any pending litigation or other contingencies which would have a material effect on the financial condition or liquidity of the District.

As of June 30, 2020 the District had professional service agreements and had committed to a long-term copier operating lease.

COVID 19

In December 2019, a novel strain of coronavirus has spread around the world resulting in business and social disruption. The coronavirus was declared a Public Health Emergency of International Concern by the World Health Organization on January 30, 2020. The operations and business results of Orangevale Recreation and Park District could potentially be adversely affected by this global pandemic. The extent to which the coronavirus may impact business activity or investment results will depend on future developments, which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted, including new information which may emerge concerning the severity of the coronavirus and the actions required to contain the coronavirus. The District has not included any contingencies in the financial statements specific to this issue.

Note 14: Subsequent Events

Subsequent to fiscal year end the District purchased a Groundmaster Mower for \$69,543, and entered into a contract to have the Community Center repainted in the amount of \$49,856.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	F	ariance avorable favorable)
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$ 1,398,700	\$ 1,423,700	\$ 1,476,146	\$	52,446
Intergovernmental revenues	15,000	15,000	12,970		(2,030)
Charges for current services	493,500	508,500	287,534		(220,966)
Use of money and property	152,600	170,600	131,361		(39,239)
Other revenues	3,000	 3,000	 10,582		7,582
Total revenues	2,062,800	2,120,800	1,918,593		(202,207)
Expenditures	2,002,000	 2,120,000	 1,710,373		(202,207)
Salaries and benefits	1,887,000	1,938,000	1,565,522		372,478
Services and supplies	502,300	527,550	400,222		127,328
Debt service	86,500	129,500	151,963		(22,463)
Capital outlay	110,000	 1,386,892	 1,076,115		310,777
Total expenditures	2,585,800	 3,981,942	 3,193,822		788,120
Total revenues over (under) expenditures					
Before other financing sources (uses)	(523,000)	(1,861,142)	(1,275,229)		585,913
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		<u> </u>			<u> </u>
Proceeds of debt		993,000	993,000		_
Operating transfers in	110,000	260,000	136,806		(123,194)
Total other financing sources (uses)	110,000	1,253,000	1,129,806		(123,194)
Net change in fund balance *	\$ (413,000)	\$ (608,142)	(145,423)	\$	462,719
Fund balances, beginning of fiscal year			 1,614,168		
Fund balances, end of fiscal year			\$ 1,468,745		

^{*} Budget was balanced using carryover fund balance.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE ORANGEVALE LANDSCAPE AND LIGHTING DISTRICT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

							V	ariance
		Original		Final			Fa	vorable
	Budget			Budget	Actual		(Unfavorable)	
Revenues								
Assessments	\$	555,000	\$	555,000	\$	560,416	\$	5,416
Use of money and property		2,000		2,000		12,915		10,915
Total revenues		557,000		557,000		573,331		16,331
Expenditures								
Services and supplies		615,300		615,300		434,388		180,912
Capital outlay		282,000		282,000		169,769		112,231
Total expenditures		897,300		897,300		604,157		293,143
Net change in fund balance	\$	(340,300)	\$	(340,300)		(30,826)	\$	309,474
Fund balances, beginning of fiscal year						801,164		
Fund balances, end of fiscal year					\$	770,338		

^{*} Budget was balanced using carryover fund balance.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE PLAN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY JUNE 30, 2020

				District's proportionate share of	
Reporting date ror	District's proportion	District's proportionate	District's	the net pension liability (asset)	Plan fiduciary net position
employer under GASB 68	of the net pension	share of the net pension	covered-employee	as a percentage of its	as a percentage of
as of June 30	liability (asset)	liability (asset)	payroll	covered-employee payroll	the total pension liability
6/30/2014	0.079%	\$1,117,117	\$575,000	194.28%	83.94%
6/30/2015	0.062%	\$476,789	\$611,000	78.03%	93.16%
6/30/2016	0.066%	\$760,573	\$592,000	128.48%	89.46%
6/30/2017	0.075%	\$1,307,940	\$593,000	220.56%	83.21%
6/30/2018	0.070%	\$1,455,733	\$590,000	246.73%	82.52%
6/30/2019	0.069%	\$1,359,091	\$639,000	212.69%	84.67%
6/30/2020	0.069%	\$1,434,493	\$642,000	223.44%	85.10%

The schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until 10-year trend is compiled, only information for those years for which is available.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS JUNE 30, 2020

Reporting date for		Contributions in relation			Contribution as a
employer under GASB 68	Contractually	to the contractually	Contribution	District's covered	percentage of covered
as of June 30	required contribution	required contribution	deficiency (excess)	employee payroll	employee payroll
6/30/2014	\$162,000	(\$162,000)	\$0	\$575,000	28.17%
6/30/2015	\$172,000	(\$172,000)	\$0	\$611,000	28.15%
6/30/2016	\$180,000	(\$180,000)	\$0	\$592,000	30.41%
6/30/2017	\$165,000	(\$165,000)	\$0	\$593,000	27.82%
6/30/2018	\$149,000	(\$149,000)	\$0	\$590,000	25.25%
6/30/2019	\$148,000	(\$148,000)	\$0	\$639,000	23.16%
6/30/2020	\$184,000	(\$184,000)	\$0	\$642,000	28.66%

The schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is complied, only information for those years for which information is available is presented.

NOTE TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2020

Note 1: Budgets and Budgetary Accounting:

As required by State law the District prepares and legally adopts a final operating budget. Public hearings were conducted on the proposed and final budget to review all appropriations and the sources of financing.

The budgets for the general fund and special revenue funds are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

At the object level, actual expenditures cannot exceed budgeted appropriations. Management can transfer budgeted amounts between expenditure accounts within an object without the approval of the Board of Directors. Significant amendments and appropriation transfers between objects or funds must be approved by the Board of Directors. Appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

The budgetary data presented in the accompanying financial statements includes all revisions approved by the Board of Directors.