ORANGEVALE RECREATIONAND PARK DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

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LARRY BAIN, CPA

An Accounting Corporation

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Orangevale Recreation and Park District Orangevale, CA

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Orangevale Recreation and Park District as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our Responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit includes performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Orangevale Recreation and Park District as of June 30, 2015, and the changes in financial position, of those activities and funds for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

The Orangevale Recreation and Park District has not presented the Management Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

The required supplementary information other than MD&A, as listed in the table of contents, is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Implementation of New Accounting Standards

As disclosed in the Note 1 to the financial statements, the City of Angels implemented GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68, during the fiscal year 2015.

Other Information

We have also issued our report dated January 4, 2016 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting. That report should be read in conjunction with this report in considering our audit.

The required supplementary information other than MD&A, as listed in the table of contents, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Larry Bain, CPA, An Accounting Corporation January 4, 2016

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and investments	\$ 1,841,554
Due from others	5,573
Restricted cash and investments	833,248
Capital assets:	
Land	6,212,723
Construction in progress	4,397
Land improvements	2,375,810
Buildings and improvements	4,423,557
Equipment	798,204
Less: accumulated depreciation	(3,825,160)
Capital assets-net	9,989,531
Total Assets	12,669,906
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflows-pensions	\$ 179,845
Liabilities	
Current liabilities:	
Claims payable	\$ 104,305
Accrued wage	36,829
Deposits	2,100
Accrued interest	13,776
Due within one year	68,366
Non-current liabilities:	
Due in more than one year	920,907
Total Liabilities	1,146,282
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows-pensions	397,865
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	397,865
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	9,544,252
Unrestricted	1,761,352
Total Net Position	\$ 11,305,604

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Program Revenues Charges for Operating Grants Capital Grants								Re Change	t (Expense) venue and e in Net Position vernmental
Functions/programs	Expenses		Services		and Contributions		and C	ontributions		Activities
Governmental Activities										
Community services/recreation	\$	2,216,022	\$	664,642	\$	5,359	\$	680,944	\$	(865,077)
Interest on long-term debt		23,010		-		-		_		(23,010)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	2,239,032	\$	664,642	\$	5,359	\$	680,944		(888,087)
		G	enera	l Revenues						
		<u> </u>	Taxe		•					
					evied for g	general purpos	ses			1,148,093
				tment inco	-					4,122
			Othe	r						2,880
			Tota	al general re	evenues					1,155,095
			C	hange in n	et positio	n				267,008
			•	osition - be	-					11,983,713
				period adju						(945,117)
			Net p	osition - er	nding				\$	11,305,604

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2015

		Major Funds			Non-Major Funds						
		Or	angevale					Kenneth			
		La	indscape		Park	Developer		Grove			Total
	General	&	Lighting	De	evelopment]	In-Lieu	Assessment		Go	vernmental
	 Fund]	District		Fees		Fees	es District			Funds
Assets											
Cash and investments	\$ 1,242,346	\$	564,384	\$	-	\$	-	\$	34,824	\$	1,841,554
Due from others	2,403		1,248		1,360		481		81		5,573
Restricted cash and investments	 				631,761		201,488				833,249
Total Assets	\$ 1,244,749	\$	565,632	\$	633,121	\$	201,969	\$	34,905	\$	2,680,376
Liabilities											
Claims payable	\$ 40,360	\$	36,316	\$	-	\$	-	\$	27,627	\$	104,303
Accrued payroll	36,829				-		-		-		36,829
Deposits	 2,100										2,100
Total Liabilities	79,289		36,316				-		27,627		143,232
Fund Balances											
Restricted	-		-		633,121		201,969		-		835,090
Assigned	937,414		529,316		-		-		7,278		1,474,008
Unassigned	228,046		-						-		228,046
Total Fund Balances	 1,165,460		529,316		633,121		201,969		7,278		2,537,144
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 1,244,749	\$	565,632	\$	633,121	\$	201,969	\$	34,905	\$	2,680,376

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	\$ 2,537,144
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, are not current financial resources and are not included in the governmental funds.	9,989,531
Some liabilities, including long-term debt, accrued interest and compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Compensated absences	(67,207)
Accrued interest	(13,776)
Net pension liability, deferred inflows/outflows	(694,809)
Long-term debt	 (445,279)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 11,305,604

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Major Funds					Non-Major Funds					
	Orangevale				Kenneth						
			andscape Park			veloper	Grove		Total		
	General		Lighting	De	velopment		n-Lieu		sessment	Gov	vernmental
	 Fund	I	District		Fees		Fees		District		Funds
Revenues											
Property taxes	\$ 1,134,174	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,134,174
Intergovernmental revenues	66,733		-		-		-		-		66,733
Charges for current services	522,224		-		-		-		-		522,224
Special assessments	-		564,165		111,136		5,644		5,359		686,304
Use of money and property	143,370		1,248		1,360		481		81		146,540
Other revenues and reimbursements	 2,880		-				-	-			2,880
Total Revenues	 1,869,381		565,413		112,496		6,125		5,440		2,558,855
Expenditures											
Salaries and benefits	1,320,296		-		-		-		-		1,320,296
Services and supplies	371,545		568,285				-		33,003		972,833
Capital outlay	-		64,873		-		-		-		64,873
Debt service											
Principal	52,189		-		-		-		-		52,189
Interest	 24,625										24,625
Total Expenditures	 1,768,655		633,158		-		_		33,003		2,434,816
Net Change in Fund Balances	100,726		(67,745)		112,496		6,125		(27,563)		124,039
Fund Balances, July 1, 2014	 1,064,734		597,061		520,625		195,844		34,841		2,413,105
Fund Balances, June 30, 2015	\$ 1,165,460	\$	529,316	\$	633,121	\$	201,969	\$	7,278	\$	2,537,144

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 124,039
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities differs from the amounts reported in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the costs of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense or are allocated to the appropriate functional expense when the cost is below the capitalization threshold. This activity is reconciled as follows:	
Cost of assets capitalized Depreciation expense	64,873 (167,295)
Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.	52,189
Accrued interest reported in the statement of activities does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported in governmental funds.	1,615
Certain revenues recognized in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources were not reported as revenues in the funds.	(52,815)
Net pension liabilities reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds.	250,308
Compensated absences reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds.	 (5,906)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 267,008

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The District was organized by a vote of the public. It is operated under the direction of a five-member board duly elected and empowered by the electorate with sole authority over the District operations. Although the District is independent from the Sacramento County Board of Supervisors, its financial activities are processed through the County Auditor-Controller's Office.

In addition to providing recreational programs and services to the community, the District maintains park sites. The accounting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The District has defined its reporting entity in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations, and functions should be included in the reporting entity. In evaluating how to define the District for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The primary criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's financial accountability. A primary governmental entity is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of a component unit's governing body and it is able to impose its will on the component unit, or if there is a potential for the component unit to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. A primary government may also be financially accountable if a component unit is fiscally dependent on the primary governmental entity regardless of whether the component unit has a separately elected governing board, a governing board appointed by a higher level of government, or a jointly appointed board.

Based upon the aforementioned oversight criteria, the following are component units:

The Orangevale Landscape and Lighting District and the Kenneth Grove Assessment District are included in the special revenue funds of the District.

B. Basis of Accounting

Government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned or, for property tax revenues, in the period for which levied. Expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when both measurable and available. Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible in the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Resources not available to finance expenditures and commitments of the current period are recognized as deferred revenue or as a reservation of fund balance. The District considers property taxes available if they are collected within sixty-days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Principal and interest on general long-term debt, as well as compensated absences and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due. General capital acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and capital leases are reported as other financial sources.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Non-Current Governmental Assets/Liabilities

GASB Statement 34 eliminates the presentation of account groups, but provides for these records to be maintained and incorporates the information into the Governmental Activities column in the government-wide statement of net position.

D. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the primary government (the District). These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Governmental activities are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the program expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Program expenses include direct expenses, which are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the programs and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in separate columns. All remaining governmental funds are separately aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Governmental Fund Types

Governmental funds are used to account for the District's expendable financial resources and related liabilities (except those accounted for in proprietary funds). The measurement focus is based upon determination of changes in financial position. The following are the District's governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - This fund accounts for all the financial resources not required to be accounted for in another fund. This fund consists primarily of general government type activities.

<u>Special Revenue Fund</u> - These funds account for the activity of the developer in lieu fees, impact fees as well as the two landscape and lighting maintenance districts that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

The District does not operate enterprise funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

F. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets are financial resources generated for a specific purpose such as construction of improvements and financing of debt obligations. These amounts are restricted, as their use is limited by applicable bond covenants or other external requirements.

G. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences represent the vested portion of accumulated vacation. In accordance with GASB 16, the liability for accumulated leave includes all salary - related payments that are directly and incrementally connected with leave payments to employees, such as retirement pay. A current liability has been recorded in the governmental fund type to account for these vested leave accruals, which are expected to be used within the next fiscal year. At June 30, 2015, a long-term liability of \$67,204 for governmental activities has been recorded in the government-wide, statement of net position for unpaid vacation leave.

H. Property Taxes

The District receives property taxes from the County of Sacramento, which has been assigned the responsibility for assessment, collections, and apportionment of property taxes for all taxing jurisdictions within the County. Secured property taxes are levied on January 1 for the following fiscal year and on which date it becomes a lien on real property. Secured property taxes are due in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and are delinquent after December 10 and April 10, respectively, for the secured roll. Based on a policy by the County called the Teeter Plan, 100% of the allocated taxes are transmitted by the County to the District, eliminating the need for an allowance for uncollectible. The County, in return, receives all penalties and interest. Property taxes on the unsecured roll are due on the January 1 lien date and become delinquent if unpaid by August 31. Property tax revenues are recognized in the fiscal year they are received.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

I. Capital Assets

Capital assets, recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available, are reported in the governmental activities and business-type activities columns of the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets include land, buildings and site improvements and equipment and machinery. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Depreciation is recorded in the government-wide financial statements on the straight-line basis over the useful life of the assets as follows:

Assets	<u>Useful Life</u>
Buildings	50 years
Building improvements	10-20 years
Site improvements	10-20 years
Equipment and machinery	5 to 20 years

J: Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources in governmental funds arise when potential revenue does not meet the "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Deferred inflows of resources (deferred revenue in accrual based statements) also arises when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them (i.e., when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures).

K. Interfund Transactions

Operating transfers are transactions to allocate resources from one fund to another fund not contingent on the incurrence of specific expenditures in the receiving fund. Interfund transfers are generally recorded as operating transfers in and operating transfers out in the same accounting period. Transfers between governmental funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide presentation.

L. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District's Sacramento County Employees' Retirement System (SCERS) plan (Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Plan' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by SCERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Note 2: Cash and Investments

Cash and investments at June 30, 2015, consisted of the following:

Checking account	\$ 32,692
Imprest cash	200
Cash and investments with County Treasurer	2,641,911
Total cash and investments	\$ 2,674,803

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

Note 2: Cash and Investments (Continued)

A. Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the Entity's Investment Policy.

The table below identifies the **investment types** that are authorized for the Orangevale Recreation and Park District by the California Government Code (or the District's investment policy, where more restrictive). The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the District's investment policy, where more restrictive) that address **interest rate risk, credit risk** and **concentration of credit risk**. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustees that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the District, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the District investment policy.

	Maximum	Percentage	Investment
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	of Portfolio	in One Issuer
Investment pools authorized under CA			
Statutes governed by Government Code	N/A	None	\$40 million
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
Bank Savings Accounts	N/A	25%	None
Federal Agencies	5 years	75%	None
Commercial Paper	180 days	20%	None
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	180 days	20%	None
Re-Purchase Agreements	180 days	20%	None
Corporate Debt	5 years	25%	None

B. Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates that will adversely affect the fair value of and investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the District's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the District's investment maturity:

			Remaining Maturity (in Months					
			1	2 Months		13-48		
Investment Type	Totals			or Less	Months			
Sacramento County*	\$	2,641,911	\$	2,641,911	\$	-		
Totals	\$	2,641,911	\$	2,641,911	\$	-		

^{*}Not subject to categorization

C. Concentrations of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the District contains limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer. There are no investments to one issuer exceeding those limits.

D. Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposit or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

Note 2: Cash and Investments (Continued)

D. Custodial Credit Risk (Continued)

The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g. broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment of collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the District's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits; The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secured deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the government unit). The fair value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure the District's deposits by pledging first deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

At June 30, 2015, the District's deposits balance was \$10,005 and the carrying amount was \$32,692. The difference between the bank balance and the carrying amount was due to normal outstanding checks and deposits in transit. Of the bank balance all was covered by the Federal Depository Insurance or by collateral held in the pledging bank's trust department in the District's name.

E. Investment in Government Pool

Investments are accounted for in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 31, which requires governmental entities to report certain investments at fair value in the balance sheet and recognize the corresponding change in fair value of investments in the year in which the change occurred. The District reports its investment in the Sacramento County investment pool at fair value based on quoted market information obtained from fiscal agents or other sources if the change is material to the financial statements.

Note 3: Property Plant and Equipment

Activity for general fixed assets capitalized by the District is summarized below:

Governmental Activities	Balance July 1, 2014		Additions	Retirements/ Adjustments			Balance ne 30, 2015
	July 1, 20	714 <i>I</i>	Additions	Aujustii	ilents	Jui	16 30, 2013
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$ 6,212	,723 \$	-	\$	-	\$	6,212,723
Construction in progress	4	397					4,397
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Land improvements	2,317	658	58,152				2,375,810
Buildings and improvements	4,423	557					4,423,557
Equipment	791	484	6,720				798,204
Total capital assets, being depreciated	7,532	699	64,872		-		7,597,571
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Land improvements	(1,550	777)	(43,497)				(1,594,274)
Buildings and improvements	(1,469	474)	(90,857)				(1,560,331)
Equipment	(637)	(614)	(32,941)				(670,555)
Total accumulated depreciation	(3,657	865)	(167,295)		-		(3,825,160)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	3,874	834	(102,423)		-		3,772,411
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 10,091	954 \$	(102,423)	\$	-	\$	9,989,531

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

Note 4: Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in the governmental activities long-term liabilities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015:

	Balance July 1, 2014 Additions			dditions	Do	tirements		Balance e 30, 2015	Due Within One Year							
	Jui	y 1, 2014		luditions	Retirements		Kemements		Retilements .				Jun	50, 2013		ic rear
Compensated absences	\$	61,299	\$	43,182	\$	(37,277)	\$	67,204	\$	18,639						
Net pension liability				476,789				476,789								
Capital lease		497,467				(52,189)		445,278		49,727						
Total	\$	558,766	\$	519,971	\$	(89,466)	\$	989,271	\$	68,366						

Governmental activities long-term debt obligations consisted of the following:

Compensated Absences

The District recognizes the accumulated unpaid employee vacation benefits as a liability and the long-term portion is recorded as compensated absences in the government-wide statement of net position. The current portion, if any, is also recorded in the fund financial statement in the general fund.

Capital Lease

The District purchased property adjacent to an existing park for \$800,000. A capital lease was obtained to finance the purchase. Fifteen annual payments in the amount of \$76,814, for both principal and interest, will commence on November 15, 2007 and end November 15, 2021 with a prepayment option beginning November 15, 2013. The annual interest rate on this lease is 4.95%.

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2015, are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	
June 30,	
2016	\$ 76,814
2017	76,814
2018	76,814
2019	76,814
2020	76,814
2021-2022	 153,628
Total minimum lease payments	537,698
Less: Amount representing interest	 (92,420)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 445,278

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

Note 5: Park Dedication Fund

The County maintains two funds for the benefit of the Orangevale Recreation and Park District. The corpus of the funds consist of in lieu fees paid by developers of subdivisions within the boundaries of the District. The use of these funds by the District is restricted for the purpose of providing park and recreation facilities to serve the population. The funds are collected by the County of Sacramento building department as part of the developer building fees and then transferred to a District funds established for developer fees. The Board of Directors is required by resolution to authorize transfer of the funds into the general fund of the District, to be spent on restricted projects benefiting the community. The activity of these funds is recorded in special revenue funds of the District.

Note 6: Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District together with other districts in the State carry California Association For Park And Recreation Insurance (CAPRI), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for member districts. The District pays an annual premium to CAPRI for its general insurance coverage. Furthermore the District carries workers compensation coverage with other districts in the State through CAPRI. Membership in the California Association of Recreation and Park Districts is required when applying for CAPRI.

The Agreement for Formation provides that CAPRI will be self-sustaining through member premiums. CAPRI reinsures through commercial companies for general and automobile liability excess claims and all risk property insurance, including boiler and machinery coverage, is subject to a \$2,000 deductible occurrence payable by the District. Financial statements for CAPRI are available at the District's office for fiscal year ending June 30, 2015. Settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the last three years.

Note 7: Lease Income

The District derives a portion of its revenue from the rental of real property based on a fixed lease amount. All leases of the District are treated as operating leases for accounting purposes. Lease terms are for a period of five years and can be terminated by lessor at any time and without cause by giving the District thirty days written notice of termination. Because these are cancelable leases we do not present the operating revenue over the term of the lease.

Note 8: Defined Benefit Pension Cost-Sharing Employer Plan

A. General Information about the Pension Plans

Plan Descriptions –The Orangevale Recreation and Park District contributes to the Sacramento County Employees' Retirement System (SCERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by SCERS. The plan provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefits are established by the County Employees' Retirement Act of 1937, section 31540, et seq. of the California Government Code. SCERS issues a separate actuarial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information at www.scers.org.

Benefits Provided – SCERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. Contributions to the plan are made pursuant to Section 31584 of the County Employees Retirement Law of 1937. Active plan members in the District's defined pension plan are required to contribute 3.46% of their semi-monthly covered salary for the first \$175 and 5.18% of their semi-monthly covered salary over \$175. The District is required to contribute the actuarially determined remaining amounts

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

Note 8: <u>Defined Benefit Pension Cost-Sharing Employer Plan (Continued)</u>

necessary to fund the benefits for its members. The actuarial methods and assumptions used are those adopted by the SCERS' Board of Administration. Under the actuarial funding method used by the System, investments are valued at fair value and all unrealized gains and losses are recognized over the next five years, therefore, contribution rates reflect the impact of market fluctuations on investments during the five-year period after they occur.

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2015, are summarized as follows:

Miscellaneous

	Prior to	On or after
Hire date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	2% @ 55	2% @ 62
Benefit vesting s chedule	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	50-55	52 - 67
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible	1.5% to 2%	1.0% to 2%
Required employee contribution rates	5.18%	6.25%
Required employer contribution rates	28.15%	6.25%

Contributions – Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the Plans are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the contributions recognized as part of pension expense for each Plan were as follows:

Contributions-employer \$ 179,845 Contributions-employee (paid by employer) \$ -

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2015, the District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate shares of the net pension liability of the Plan as follows:

Miscellanous Plan

Proportionate share of
Net pension liability

\$ 476,789

The District's net pension liability for each Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of each of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension liability for each Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013 rolled forward to June 30, 2014 using standard update procedures. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

Note 8: Defined Benefit Pension Cost-Sharing Employer Plan (Continued)

The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as of June 30, 2013 and 2014 was as follows:

Proportion - June 30, 2013	0.13%
Proportion - June 30, 2014	0.126%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	-0.00400%

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the District recognized pension expense of -\$250,308. At June 30, 2015, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows	Defe	rred Inflows
	of Resources	of I	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience		\$	(63,271)
Changes in assumptions			(33,402)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings			
on pension plan investments			(283,017)
Changes in proportion and differences between			
District contributions and proportionate share of contributions			(18,175)
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	179,845		
Total	\$ 179,845	\$	(397,865)

\$179,845 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Measurement Period

Ended June 30:	
2016	\$ 138,007
2017	138,007
2018	121,850
2019	-
2020	-
Thereafter	_

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

Note 8: Defined Benefit Pension Cost-Sharing Employer Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions – The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2013 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

	Miscellaneous
Valuation Date	June 30, 2013
Measurement Date	June 30, 2014
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal Cost
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	7.50%
Inflation	3.25%
Payroll Growth	0.25%
Projected Salary Increase	4.50% to 8.50%
Investment Rate of Return	7.50%

The underlying mortality assumptions and all other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of a January 2014 actuarial experience study for the period 1997 to 2011. Further details of the Experience Study can found on the CalPERS website.

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50% for each Plan. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, SCERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 7.50 percent discount rate is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary. The long term expected discount rate of 7.50 percent will be applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF). The stress test results are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained from the SCERS website.

According to Paragraph 30 of Statement 68, the long-term discount rate should be determined without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. The 7.50 percent investment return assumption used in this accounting valuation is net of administrative expenses. Administrative expenses are assumed to be 15 basis points. An investment return excluding administrative expenses would have been 7.65 percent. Using this lower discount rate has resulted in a slightly higher Total Pension Liability and Net Pension Liability. SCERS checked the materiality threshold for the difference in calculation and did not find it to be a material difference.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

Note 8: Defined Benefit Pension Cost-Sharing Employer Plan (Continued)

SCERS is scheduled to review all actuarial assumptions as part of its regular Asset Liability Management (ALM) review cycle that is scheduled to be completed in February 2018. Any changes to the discount rate will require Board action and proper stakeholder outreach. For these reasons, SCERS expects to continue using a discount rate net of administrative expenses for GASB 67 and 68 calculations through at least the 2017-18 fiscal year. SCERS will continue to check the materiality of the difference in calculation until such time as we have changed our methodology.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

	New Strategic	Real Return	Real Return
Asset Class	Allocation	Years 1-10 (1)	Years 11+ (1)
Domestic Equities	22.50%	6.83%	5.98%
International Equities	22.50%	8.38%	7.23%
Fixed Income	20.00%	1.24%	1.25%
Hedge Funds	10.00%	3.20%	3.20%
Private Equities	10.00%	12.82%	12.82%
Real Assets	15.00%	6.17%	5.64%

(1) An expected inflation of 3.25% used for this period

Expense adjustment of -.40% and risk adjustment of -1.02% used.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate — The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Disco	Discount Rate -1% (6.5%)		ent Discount	Discount Rate +1% (8.50%)			
				te (7.50%				
Misc Tier 3	\$	1,190,453	\$	476,789	\$	(110,499)		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

Note 9: Post Employment Health Care Benefits

On August 21, 2014 the District Board of Directors approved participating in the retiree health care program with Sacramento County for the 2014/15 fiscal year. The County retiree medical and dental premiums, contribution levels and eligibility and participation rules are reviewed and approved annually and at other times as needed. The District and all its retirees shall be subject to the same eligibility requirements and all other rules governing the Sacramento County Retiree Health Insurance Program.

<u>Plan Description</u> The plan is a single-employer plan and it does not issue a publicly available report. The District participates in the County of Sacramento plan, which provides medical and dental insurance and subsidy/offset payments as authorized by the Board of Supervisors on an annual basis. The Board of Supervisors must approve the benefit annually or it is terminated.

All annuitants are eligible to enroll in a retiree medical and/or dental insurance plan in a given calendar year if (1) they began receiving a continuing retirement allowance from SCERS during the calendar year, or (2) they were enrolled in the annual plan previously approved by the County, or (3) they previously waived coverage but elected to enroll during the County authorized enrollment period with a coverage date effective January of the calendar year.

The amount of any medical subsidy/offset payments made available to eligible annuitants shall be calculated based upon the annuitants SCERS service credits.

Neither SCERS nor the County guarantees that a subsidy/offset payment will be made available to annuitants for the purchase of County-sponsored medical and/or dental insurance. Subsidy/offset payments are not a vested benefit of District employees or SCERS membership.

The amount of the subsidy/offset payment, if any, payable on account of enrollment in a County sponsored retiree medical and/or dental insurance plan is established within the sole discretion of the County Board of Supervisors. The amount of the subsidy/offset payments, the funding policy, the annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation as well as the funding status and actuarial methods and assumptions can be found in the Sacramento County Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Note 10: ERAF Property Tax Shift

During the 2014-2015 fiscal year the County of Sacramento Department of Finance Auditor Controller Division shifted \$179,636 (estimated) property tax revenue from the Orangevale Recreation and Park District to the educational revenue augmentation fund (ERAF). The ERAF I property tax shift started during the 1992-1993 fiscal year to help solve the State budget crisis. The ERAF I shifts property tax revenues, designated for special districts, to community colleges and schools K-12. The accumulated total property tax revenues shifted from Orangevale Recreation and Park District from the 1992-1993 fiscal year through the 2014-2015 fiscal year was \$3,103,176.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

Note 11: Gann Limit

Total Subject Revenue 2014-15	\$ 1,698,339
Amount of limit for 2014-15	 3,001,018

Amount (under)/over limit \$ (1,302,679)

Under Article XIIIB of the California Constitution (the Gann Spending Limitation Initiative), California governmental agencies are restricted as to the amount of annual appropriation from proceeds of taxes. Under Section 10.5 of Article XIIIB the appropriations limit is required to be calculated based on the limit for the fiscal year 1986-87, adjusted for inflation and population factors as supplied by the State Department of Finance.

Note 12: Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

The District adopted a policy for GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting. GASB 54 establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. While the classifications of fund balance in the District's various governmental funds were revised, the implementation of this standard had no effect on total fund balance. Detailed information on governmental fund-type, fund balances are as follows:

			angevale andscape	Γ	D eveloper		Park		Kenneth Grove
	General	& Lighting District			In-Lieu		Development		sessment
	Fund			Fees		Fees		District	
Restricted for:									
Developer Deposits	\$ -	\$	_	\$	201,969	\$	633,121	\$	-
Total restricted	-		-		201,969		633,121		-
Committed	-		-		-		-		-
Assigned to:									
Capital replacement - Swimming Pool	200,000		-		-		-		-
Capital Replacement - Community Center	150,000		-		-		-		-
Capital Replacement - Parking Lots & Pathways	50,000		-		-		-		-
Capital Replacement - Park Equipment	145,014		-		-		-		-
Maintenance	-		390,416		-		-		6,454
Next years budget	392,400		138,900		-		-		824
Total assigned	937,414		529,316		-		-		7,278
Unassigned	228,046		-		-		-		-
Total fund balance	\$ 1,165,460	\$	529,316	\$	201,969	\$	633,121	\$	7,278

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2015

Note 13: Contingent Liabilities

Grants are subject to audit to determine compliance with their requirements. District officials believe that if any refunds are required, they would not have a significant effect on the financial condition or liquidity of the District.

In the normal course of business, the District is a defendant in various lawsuits. Defence of lawsuits are typically handled by the District's insurance carrier and losses, if any, are expected to be covered by insurance. The District is unaware of any pending litigation or other contingencies which would have a material effect on the financial condition or liquidity of the District.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Original Final Budget Budget			Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
Revenues							
Property taxes	\$	1,065,700	\$	1,065,700	\$ 1,134,174	\$	68,474
Intergovernmental revenues		67,814		67,814	66,733		(1,081)
Charges for current services		423,500		423,500	522,224		98,724
Use of money and property		127,000		127,000	143,370		16,370
Other revenues		3,000		3,000	2,880		(120)
Total Revenues		1,687,014		1,687,014	1,869,381		182,367
Expenditures							
Salaries and benefits		1,473,000		1,473,000	1,320,296		152,704
Services and supplies		473,100		473,100	371,545		101,555
Debt service		85,500		85,500	76,814		8,686
Capital outlay		26,000		26,000	-		26,000
						•	
Total Expenditures		2,057,600		2,057,600	1,768,655		288,945
-							
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(370,586)	\$	(370,586)	100,726	\$	471,312
-							
Fund Balances, July 1, 2014					1,064,734		
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					 		
Fund Balances, June 30, 2015					\$ 1,165,460		

^{*} Budget was balanced using carryover fund balance.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE ORANGEVALE LANDSCAPE AND LIGHTING DISTRICT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

							V	ariance
	Original		Final				Fa	avorable
	Budget		Budget		Actual		(Unfavorable)	
Revenues								
Assessments	\$	550,000	\$	550,000	\$	564,165	\$	14,165
Use of money and property		2,000		2,000		1,248		(752)
Total Revenues		552,000		552,000		565,413		13,413
Expenditures								
Services and supplies		503,800		503,800		568,285		(64,485)
Capital outlay		272,000		272,000		64,873		207,127
Total Expenditures		775,800		775,800		633,158		142,642
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(223,800)	\$	(223,800)		(67,745)	\$	156,055
Fund Balances, July 1, 2014						597,061		
Fund Balances, June 30, 2015					\$	529,316		

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE PLAN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY JUNE 30, 2015

			District's proportionate share of			
	District's proportion	District's proportionate	District's	the net pension liability (asset)	Plan fiduciary net position	
	of the net pension	share of the net pension	covered-employee	(asset) as a percentage of its	as a percentage of	
Actuarial Valuation Date	liability (asset)	liability (asset)	payroll	covered-employee payroll	the total pension liability	
Miscellaneous First Tier Plan						
6/30/2014	12.62%	\$476,789	\$611,000	78.03%	93.16%	

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the fiscal year-end

The schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, only information for those years for which information is available is presented.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS JUNE 30, 2015

	Contribution as a				
	Contractually	to the contractually	Contribution	District's covered	percentage of covered
Actuarial Valuation Date	required contribution	required contribution	deficiency (excess)	employee payroll	employee payroll
Miscellaneous First Tier Plan	1				
6/30/2014	\$172,000	(\$172,000)	\$0	\$611,000	28.15%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the fiscal year-end

The schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, only information for those years for which information is available is presented.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2015

Note 1: <u>Budgets and Budgetary Accounting:</u>

As required by State law the District prepares and legally adopts a final operating budget. Public hearings were conducted on the proposed and final budget to review all appropriations and the sources of financing.

The budgets for the general fund and special revenue funds are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

At the object level, actual expenditures cannot exceed budgeted appropriations. Management can transfer budgeted amounts between expenditure accounts within an object without the approval of the Board of Directors. Significant amendments and appropriation transfers between objects or funds must be approved by the Board of Directors. Appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

The budgetary data presented in the accompanying financial statements includes all revisions approved by the Board of Directors.

LARRY BAIN, CPA

An Accounting Corporation

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

Board of Directors Orangevale Recreation and Park District Orangevale, CA

We have audited the financial statements of the Orangevale Recreation and Park District as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, and have issued our report thereon dated January 4, 2016. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Orangevale Recreation and Park District's (District) internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and, therefore, there can be no assurance that all such deficiencies have been identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider findings 15-1 through 15-3 in the following schedule of findings to be significant deficiencies in the District's internal control.

Orangevale Recreation and Park District's Response to Findings

The Orangevale Recreation and Park District's separate written response to the significant deficiencies identified in our audit and any follow up for subsequent year corrections has not been subjected to the audit procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the responses

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal controls over financial reporting and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and accordingly this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the Sacramento County Auditor Controller's Office and the Controller's Office of the State of California and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Larry Bain, CPA, An Accounting Corporation January 4, 2016

Significant Deficiencies not Deemed Material Weaknesses

Finding 15-1: We noted the District had a lack of segregation of duties, as one person is capable of handling all aspects of processing transactions from beginning to end. A lack of segregation of duties increases the risk of potential errors or irregularities; however, due to a limited number of personnel an adequate segregation of duties is not possible without incurring additional costs. We have also noted this comment in previous audits.

Recommendation: The District should attempt to segregate accounting functions to the greatest extent possible. The Board of Directors also plays a more vital oversight role in reviewing and authorizing accounting records such as cash disbursements, cash receipts, cash transfers, account write-offs, payroll and monthly bank reconciliations. The District could also consider hiring an outside consultant to review the current segregation of incompatible duties to determine the cost of correcting any weaknesses.

Finding 15-2 (Prior year finding 12-5): During our testing of capital additions we noted the District recorded items to the equipment account that did not fit the definition of a capital asset (individual cost of over \$5,000). We proposed a journal entry to reclassify these expenses to service and supply accounts.

12/13 FS: During the 2012/13 fiscal year we reclassified \$6,883 coded to capital expense accounts to service and supply.

Current Year Follow-Up: During the current year audit reclassification entries were made to and from service and supply accounts to agree capital assets to the underlying activity.

Recommendation: We recommend the District review and reconcile coding for a capital expenses as part of year end procedures and true up the capital expense accounts to agree with underlying activity/support.

Finding 15-3: During our testing of accounts payable we noted an invoice from Rory Merrill for \$27,176 which was not accrued as an accounts payable at June 30, 2015 and was not provided to us as part of unadjusted journal entries.

Recommendation: We recommend the District provide us with items that need to be adjusted to the financial statements, prior to our starting the audit.