ORANGEVALE RECREATIONAND PARK DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

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LARRY BAIN, CPA

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Orangevale Recreation and Park District Orangevale, CA

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Orangevale Recreation and Park District as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively make up the basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Orangevale Recreation and Park District as of June 30, 2023, and the changes in financial position of those activities and funds for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Orangevale Recreation and Park District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Orangevale Recreation and Park District's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements, including omissions, are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Orangevale Recreation and Park District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Orangevale Recreation and Park District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

The Orangevale Recreation and Park District has not presented the Management Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

Other Information

The required supplementary information other than MD&A, as listed in the table of contents as the budgetary comparison for the General fund and landscape and lighting assessment district on pages 26 and 27 the Orangevale Recreation and Park District Employees' Retirement System Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Position Liability and the Retirement System Schedule of the District's Contributions on pages 28 and 29; be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Larry Bain, CPA

An Accounting Corporation

December 4, 2023

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities			
Current Assets				
Cash and investments	\$ 2,933,214			
Due from other government	116,590			
Leases receivable	35,862			
Restricted cash and investments	726,465			
Total current assets	3,812,131			
Non-Current Assets				
Leases receivable	564,251			
Capital assets:				
Land	6,753,783			
Construction in progress	308,051			
Land improvements	2,916,385			
Buildings and improvements	5,208,880			
Equipment	1,104,780			
Less: accumulated depreciation	(5,528,761)			
Total capital assets-net	10,763,118			
Total non current assets	11,327,369			
Total assets	15,139,500			
Deferred Outflows of Resources	,			
Deferred outflows-pensions	1,619,570			
Liabilities				
Current liabilities:				
Claims payable	103,653			
Accrued wage	90,038			
Deposits	2,100			
Accrued interest	9,350			
Due within one year	72,062			
Total current liabilities	277,203			
Non-current liabilities:				
Due in more than one year	2,162,262			
Total liabilities	2,439,465			
Deferred Inflows of Resources	(00.112			
Deferred inflows-leases	600,113			
Deferred inflows-pensions Total deferred inflows of resources	1,245,855 1,845,968			
Net Position	9,900,118			
Net investment in capital assets	2,573,514			
Unrestricted				
Total net position	\$ 12,473,632			

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

									et (Expense) Revenue and	
				Prog	ram Revenue	S			ge in Net Position	
Functions/programs	Charges for Expenses Services		arges for Operating Grants		Cap	oital Grants Contributions		overnmental Activities		
Governmental Activities Community services/recreation Interest on long-term debt	\$ 3,042,966 28,583	\$	814,554	\$	570,300	\$	104,865	\$	(1,553,247) (28,583)	
Total governmental activities	\$ 3,071,549	_\$_	814,554	\$	570,300	\$	104,865		(1,581,830)	
	G		al Revenu	es:						
		Tax								
		Pr	operty tax.	levied	for general pu	irposes	3		1,772,958	
		Inve	stment inc	ome					107,256	
		Othe	er						25,577	
		Tot	al general	revenue	es			1,905,791		
Change in net position									323,961	
		Net	position - 1	eginnin	ng				12,149,671	
		Net	position - e	ending	-			\$	12,473,632	

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2023

		Majo	or Funds	Non-Ma	_		
		Orangevale					
		Landscape	Park	Developer	Grove	Total	
	General	& Lighting	Development	In-Lieu	Assessment	Governmental	
	Fund	District	Fees	Fees	District	Funds	
Assets				_		h a aaa aa 4	
Cash and investments	\$ 1,985,236	\$ 919,356	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 28,622	\$ 2,933,214	
Due from other government	81,497	18,696	11,871	3,917	609	116,590	
Due from other fund			8,306			8,306	
Restricted cash and investments			551,240	175,225		726,465	
Total assets	\$ 2,066,733	\$ 938,052	\$ 571,417	\$ 179,142	\$ 29,231	\$ 3,784,575	
Liabilities							
Claims payable	\$ 85,705	\$ 17,950	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 103,655	
Accrued payroll	90,038					90,038	
Deposits	2,100					2,100	
Deferred revenue-unavailable	20,678					20,678	
Due to other fund	8,306					8,306	
Total liabilities	206,827	17,950				224,777	
Fund Balances							
Restricted			571,417	179,142		750,559	
Assigned	1,526,734	920,102			29,231	2,476,067	
Unassigned	333,172				P <u>442-14</u>	333,172	
Total fund balances	1,859,906	920,102	571,417	179,142	29,231	3,559,798	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 2,066,733	\$ 938,052	\$ 571,417	\$ 179,142	\$ 29,231	\$ 3,784,575	
rotal havinues and rund valances	Ψ 4,000,733	Ψ 750,052	Ψ J/1, T1/	Ψ 1/7,172	=	= 5,701,575	

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

Fund balances of governmental funds	\$	3,559,798
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, are not current financial resources and are not included in the governmental funds.		10,763,118
Some liabilities, including long-term debt, accrued interest and compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		
Compensated absences		(134,170)
Accrued interest		(9,350)
Net pension liability, deferred inflows/outflows		(863,442)
Long-term debt		(863,000)
Net position of governmental activities	_\$_	12,473,632

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Majo Orangevale	or Funds	Non-Maj		
		Landscape	Park	Developer	Grove	Total
	General	& Lighting	Development	In-Lieu	Assessment	Governmental
	Fund	District	Fees	Fees	District	Funds
Revenues						
Property taxes	\$ 1,760,494	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,760,494
Intergovernmental revenues	12,464					12,464
Charges for current services	610,993					610,993
Special assessments	-	564,898	84,037	150	5,402	654,487
Use of money and property	260,226	26,607	17,349	5,749	886	310,817
Other revenues and reimbursements	25,577) 		25,577
Total revenues	2,669,754	591,505	101,386	5,899	6,288	3,374,832
Expenditures						
Salaries and benefits	1,956,343	-			-	1,956,343
Services and supplies	551,543	463,553			3,674	1,018,770
Capital outlay	78,000	11,668				89,668
Debt service	,					
Principal	39,000					39,000
Interest	29,006	a H				29,006
Total expenditures	2,653,892	475,221			3,674	3,132,787
Total revenues over (under) expenditures						
before other financing sources (uses)	15,862	116,284	101,386	5,899	2,614	242,045
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Operating transfers in	5,302					5,302
Operating transfers out	-,		(5,302)			(5,302)
operating various out				0.0		
Total other financing sources (uses)	5,302	- H	(5,302)	·		9 <u></u>
Net change in fund balances	21,164	116,284	96,084	5,899	2,614	242,045
Fund balances, beginning of fiscal year	1,838,742	803,818	475,333	173,243	26,617	3,317,753
Fund balances, end of fiscal year	\$ 1,859,906	\$ 920,102	\$ 571,417	\$ 179,142	\$ 29,231	\$ 3,559,798

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 242,045
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities differs from the amounts reported in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the costs of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense or are allocated to the appropriate functional expense when the cost is below the capitalization threshold. This activity is reconciled as follows: Cost of assets capitalized	89,668
Depreciation expense	(273,221)
Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.	39,000
Accrued interest reported in the statement of activities does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported in governmental funds.	423
Changes in proportions from the pension do not effect expenditures in the governmental funds, but the change is adjusted through expense in the government-wide statement.	210,325
Revenue received more than 90 days after fiscal year is deferred in the fund financial statements, but the revenue is recognized in the statement of activities	20,678
Compensated absences reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds.	 (4,957)
Change in net position of governmental activities	 323,961

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The District was organized by a vote of the public. It is operated under the direction of a five-member board duly elected and empowered by the electorate with sole authority over the District operations. Although the District is independent from the Sacramento County Board of Supervisors, its financial activities are processed through the County Auditor-Controller's Office.

In addition to providing recreational programs and services to the community, the District maintains park sites. The accounting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The District has defined its reporting entity in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations, and functions should be included in the reporting entity. In evaluating how to define the District for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The primary criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's financial accountability. A primary governmental entity is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of a component unit's governing body and it is able to impose its will on the component unit, or if there is a potential for the component unit to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. A primary government may also be financially accountable if a component unit is fiscally dependent on the primary governmental entity regardless of whether the component unit has a separately elected governing board, a governing board appointed by a higher level of government, or a jointly appointed board.

Based upon the aforementioned oversight criteria, the following are component units:

The Orangevale Landscape and Lighting District and the Kenneth Grove Assessment District are included in the special revenue funds of the District.

B. Basis of Accounting

Government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned or, for property tax revenues, in the period for which levied. Expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when both measurable and available. Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible in the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Resources not available to finance expenditures and commitments of the current period are recognized as deferred revenue or as a reservation of fund balance. The District considers property taxes available if they are collected within sixty-days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. Principal and interest on general long-term debt, as well as compensated absences and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due. General capital acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and capital leases are reported as other financial sources.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Non-Current Governmental Assets/Liabilities

GASB Statement 34 eliminates the presentation of account groups, but provides for these records to be maintained and incorporates the information into the Governmental Activities column in the government-wide statement of net position.

D. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the primary government (the District). These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Governmental activities are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the program expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Program expenses include direct expenses, which are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the programs and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in separate columns. All remaining governmental funds are separately aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Governmental Fund Types

Governmental funds are used to account for the District's expendable financial resources and related liabilities (except those accounted for in proprietary funds). The measurement focus is based upon determination of changes in financial position. The following are the District's governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - This fund accounts for all the financial resources not required to be accounted for in another fund. This fund consists primarily of general government type activities.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - These funds account for the activity of the developer in lieu fees, impact fees as well as the two landscape and lighting maintenance districts that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

The District does not operate enterprise funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

F. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets are financial resources generated for a specific purpose such as construction of improvements and financing of debt obligations. These amounts are restricted, as their use is limited by applicable bond covenants or other external requirements.

G. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences represent the vested portion of accumulated vacation. In accordance with GASB 16, the liability for accumulated leave includes all salary - related payments that are directly and incrementally connected with leave payments to employees, such as retirement pay. A current liability has been recorded in the governmental fund type to account for these vested leave accruals, which are expected to be used within the next fiscal year. At June 30, 2023, a long-term liability of \$134,170 for governmental activities has been recorded in the government-wide, statement of net position for unpaid vacation leave.

H. Property Taxes

The District receives property taxes from the County of Sacramento, which has been assigned the responsibility for assessment, collections, and apportionment of property taxes for all taxing jurisdictions within the County. Secured property taxes are levied on January 1 for the following fiscal year and on which date it becomes a lien on real property. Secured property taxes are due in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and are delinquent after December 10 and April 10, respectively, for the secured roll. Based on a policy by the County called the Teeter Plan, 100% of the allocated taxes are transmitted by the County to the District, eliminating the need for an allowance for uncollectible taxes. The County, in return, receives all penalties and interest. Property taxes on the unsecured roll are due on the January 1 lien date and become delinquent if unpaid by August 31. Property tax revenues are recognized in the fiscal year they are received.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

I. Capital Assets

Capital assets, recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available, are reported in the governmental activities and business-type activities columns of the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets include land, buildings and site improvements and equipment and machinery. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Depreciation is recorded in the government-wide financial statements on the straight-line basis over the useful life of the assets as follows:

Assets	Useful Life
Buildings	50 years
Building improvements	10-20 years
Site improvements	10-20 years
Equipment and machinery	5 to 20 years

J: Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources in governmental funds arise when potential revenue does not meet the "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Deferred inflows of resources (deferred revenue in accrual based statements) also arises when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them (i.e., when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures).

K. Interfund Transactions

Operating transfers are transactions to allocate resources from one fund to another fund not contingent on the incurrence of specific expenditures in the receiving fund. Interfund transfers are generally recorded as operating transfers in and operating transfers out in the same accounting period. Transfers between governmental funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide presentation.

L. Pensions

For purpose of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District's Sacramento County Employees' Retirement System (SCERS) plans (Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Plan' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by SCERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

M. GASB Statement No. 87-Leases

In June 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 87, Leases (GASB Statement No. 87), to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It also establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Implementation of this Statement had a significant effect on the District's financial statements starting with the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

M. GASB Statement 87-Leases (Continued)

A. Lessor

The District acts as the lessor for land used for cell towers and for the disc golf course. The District recognizes leases receivable and deferred inflows of resources in the financial statements. Variable payments based on future performance of the lessees or usage of the underlying asset are not included in the measurement of the lease receivable.

At the commencement of a lease, the District initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflows of resources are initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflows of resources are recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term in a systematic and rational method.

Key estimates and judgments include how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts.

- The District uses an estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for lease.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

The District will monitor changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its leases and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

Note 2: Cash and Investments

Cash and investments at June 30, 2023, consisted of the following:

Checking account	\$ 29,563
Imprest cash	200
Cash and investments with County Treasurer	3,629,916
Total cash and investments	\$ 3,659,679

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

Note 2: Cash and Investments (Continued)

A. Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the Entity's Investment Policy

The table below identifies the **investment types** that are authorized for the Orangevale Recreation and Park District by the California Government Code (or the District's investment policy, where more restrictive). The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the District's investment policy, where more restrictive) that address **interest rate risk**, **credit risk** and **concentration of credit risk**. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustees that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the District, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the District investment policy.

	Maximum	Percentage	Investment
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	of Portfolio	in One Issuer
Investment pools authorized under CA			
Statutes governed by Government Code	N/A	None	\$40 million
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
Bank Savings Accounts	N/A	25%	None
Federal Agencies	5 years	75%	None
Commercial Paper	180 days	20%	None
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	180 days	20%	None
Re-Purchase Agreements	180 days	20%	None
Corporate Debt	5 years	25%	None

B. Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates that will adversely affect the fair value of and investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the District's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the District's investment maturity:

			Re	maining Mat	urity	(in Months)
				2 Months		13-48
Investment Type		Totals		or Less		Months
Sacramento County*	\$	3,629,916	\$	3,629,916	\$	-
Totals	\$	3,629,916	\$	3,629,916	\$	_

^{*}Not subject to categorization

C. Concentrations of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the District contains limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer. There are no investments to one issuer exceeding those limits.

D. Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposit or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

Note 2: Cash and Investments (Continued)

D. Custodial Credit Risk (Continued)

The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g. broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment of collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the District's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits; The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secured deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the government unit). The fair value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure the District's deposits by pledging first deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

At June 30, 2023, the District's deposits balance was \$20,711 and the carrying amount was \$29,563. The difference between the bank balance and the carrying amount was due to normal outstanding checks and deposits in transit. Of the bank balance all was covered by the Federal Depository Insurance or by collateral held in the pledging bank's trust department in the District's name.

E. Investment in Government Pool

The District maintains certain cash and investments with the Sacramento County Treasurer in an investment pool. The District's funds are managed in accordance with the investment policy of the County Treasury. On a quarterly basis the Treasurer allocates interest to participants based upon their average daily balances. Required disclosure information regarding the categorization of investments and investment risk can be found in the County's financial statements. The Sacramento County's financial statements may be obtained online at the following link: finance.saccounty.net/AuditorController/Pages/.

Required disclosures for the District's investment in the Sacramento County Investment Pool at June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Credit risk Not rated
Custodial risk Not applicable
Concentration of credit risk Not applicable
Interest rate risk Not available

Note 3: Lease Receivable

The District derives a portion of its revenue from the rental of real property based on fixed lease amounts. The leases are treated as finance leases for accounting purposes under Governmental Accounting Board Statement No. 87. Following are the leases administered by the District.

- A. The District leases land for a cell tower operated by Crown Castle with a term from June 1, 2020 to September 18, 2046. The lease can be terminated by the lessee at any time and without cause by giving the District written notice of termination. Early termination is not expected. The 2022/23 rent was \$1,597 per month which included \$856 for the lease entered into as of June 1, 2020 plus \$740 paid under an existing lease. Starting September 1, 2026 the payment under the old lease will expire and the lessee will be obligated to pay the \$856 plus a 4% annual increase.
- B. The District leases land for a cell tower operated by American Tower with a term from June 15, 2000 to June 14, 2035. The lease can be terminated by the lessee at any time and without cause by giving the District written notice of termination. Early termination is not expected. The 2022/23 rent was \$2,361.60 and the rent increases by 5% every 5 years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

Note 3: Lease Receivable (Continued)

C. The District leases land to Final 9 for the operation of a disc golf course. The term of the lease is from October 10, 2002 through October 9, 2023. The rent is \$550 per month plus Final 9 pays 5% of its concession revenue to the District.

Lease receivables consisting of agreements with the cell tower operators and the Final 9 operator for their right-to-use a portion of land at the parks owned by the District. The calculated interest rate used is based on an assumed 3% borrowing rate. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized \$46,351 in lease revenue and \$18,664 in interest revenue.

A summary of changes in lease receivable for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 is as follows:

]	Due in
	Balance			Retirements/		Balance		Dι	ie within	More Than		
	7/1/2022		Additions		Adjustments		6/30/2023		0	ne Year	One Year	
Lease receivable	\$	646,464	\$	-	\$	(46,351)	\$	600,113	\$	35,862	\$	564,251

Leases receivable are due in the upcoming years as follows:

Year Ending						
June 30,	Principal	Interest		Total		
2024	\$ 35,862	\$	17,504	\$	53,366	
2025	31,464		16,506		47,970	
2026	37,695		15,471		53,166	
2027	31,701		14,404		46,105	
2028	31,539		13,510		45,049	
2029-2033	202,169		51,036		253,204	
2034-2038	87,005		26,077		113,082	
2039-2043	75,885		16,184		92,069	
2044-2047	66,792		3,469		70,262	
Total	\$ 600,113	\$	174,160	\$	774,272	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

Note 4: Property Plant and Equipment

Activity for general fixed assets capitalized by the District is summarized below:

Governmental Activities	Balance July 1, 2022		Additions Adjustments		Retirements/ Adjustments		Balance June 30, 2023	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				3				
Land	\$	6,753,783	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,753,783
Construction in progress		238,334		69,717			· ·	308,051
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Land improvements		2,904,912						2,904,912
Buildings and improvements		5,208,880		11,473				5,220,353
Equipment		1,096,301		8,479				1,104,780
Total capital assets, being depreciated		9,210,093		19,952				9,230,045
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Land improvements		(2,088,787)		(90,441)				(2,179,228)
Buildings and improvements		(2,338,299)		(141,531)				(2,479,830)
Equipment		(828,453)		(41,250)			_	(869,703)
Total accumulated depreciation		(5,255,539)		(273,222)				(5,528,761)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		3,954,554		(253,270)				3,701,284
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	10,946,671	\$	(183,553)	\$		\$	10,763,118

Note 5: Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in the governmental activities long-term liabilities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023:

ine 30, 2023.		Balance					Balance		e Within
	_Ju	ıly 1, 2022	 Additions	Re	etirements	Ju	ne 30, 2023	0	ne Year
Compensated absences	\$	129,213	\$ 69,081	\$	(64,124)	\$	134,170	\$	32,062
Net pension liability		113,536	1,123,618				1,237,154		-
Capital lease B		902,000			(39,000)		863,000		40,000
Total	\$	1,144,749	\$ 1,192,699	\$	(103,124)	\$	2,234,324	_\$	72,062

Governmental activities long-term debt obligations consisted of the following:

Compensated Absences

The District recognizes the accumulated unpaid employee vacation benefits as a liability and the long-term portion is recorded as compensated absences in the government-wide statement of net position. The current portion, if any, is also recorded in the fund financial statement in the general fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

Note 5: Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

Capital Leases

A. The District purchased property adjacent to an existing park for \$800,000. A capital lease was obtained to finance the purchase. Fifteen annual payments in the amount of \$76,814, for both principal and interest, will commence on November 15, 2007 and end November 15, 2021 with a prepayment option beginning November 15, 2013. The annual interest rate on this lease is 4.95%. This loan was paid off during the current fiscal year.

B. On September 12, 2019 the District closed escrow, purchasing three buildings on approximately 3.76 acres of land in two parcels for a purchase price of \$917,500. To finance the purchase the District entered into a capital lease agreement on September 1, 2019 with CSDA Finance Corporation which was then assigned to Capital One Public Funding, LLC. The debt incurred under the capital lease was \$993,000 of which \$894,392 was used to pay off the remaining purchase price plus closing fees on the land purchase, \$43,000 was used to pay the cost of issuance for the capital lease and \$55,608 was sent to the District to be used for tenant improvements and reimbursement of the \$25,000 down payment on the property. The semi-annual debt payments start on March 1, 2020 through September 1, 2039 with semi-annual principal and interest payments ranging from \$32,150.15 to \$34,530.

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2023, are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended			
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 40,000	\$ 27,723	\$ 67,723
2025	42,000	26,407	68,407
2026	43,000	26,407	69,407
2027	44,000	25,041	69,041
2028	46,000	23,628	69,628
2029-2033	253,000	95,324	348,324
2034-2038	297,000	52,473	349,473
2039-2040	98,000	7,930	105,930_
Totals	\$ 863,000	\$ 284,933	\$ 1,147,933

Note 6: Park Dedication Fund

The County maintains two funds for the benefit of the Orangevale Recreation and Park District. The corpus of the funds consist of in lieu fees paid by developers of subdivisions within the boundaries of the District. The use of these funds by the District is restricted for the purpose of providing park and recreation facilities to serve the population. The funds are collected by the County of Sacramento building department as part of the developer building fees and then transferred to a District funds established for developer fees. The Board of Directors is required by resolution to authorize transfer of the funds into the general fund of the District, to be spent on restricted projects benefiting the community. The activity of these funds is recorded in special revenue funds of the District.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

Note 7: Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District together with other districts in the State carry California Association For Park And Recreation Indemnity (CAPRI), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for member districts. The District pays an annual premium to CAPRI for its general insurance coverage. Furthermore the District carries workers compensation coverage with other districts in the State through CAPRI. Membership in the California Association of Recreation and Park Districts is required when applying for CAPRI.

The Agreement for Formation provides that CAPRI will be self-sustaining through member premiums. CAPRI reinsures through commercial companies for general and automobile liability excess claims and all risk property insurance, including boiler and machinery coverage, is subject to a \$2,000 deductible occurrence payable by the District. Financial statements for CAPRI are available at the District's office for fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. Settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the last three years.

Note 8: Defined Benefit Pension Cost-Sharing Employer Plan

A. General Information about the Pension Plans

Plan Descriptions – The Orangevale Recreation and Park District contributes to the Sacramento County Employees' Retirement System (SCERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by SCERS. The plan provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefits are established by the County Employees' Retirement Act of 1937, section 31540, et seq. of the California Government Code. SCERS issues a separate actuarial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information at www.scers.org.

Benefits Provided – SCERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. Contributions to the plan are made pursuant to Section 31584 of the County Employees Retirement Law of 1937. Active plan members in the District's defined pension plan are required to contribute 10.60% of their bi-monthly covered salary over \$161 for classic members and 9.45% of all salary for PEPRA members. The District is required to contribute the actuarially determined remaining amounts necessary to fund the benefits for its members.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

Note 8: Defined Benefit Pension Cost-Sharing Employer Plan (Continued)

The actuarial methods and assumptions used are those adopted by the SCERS' Board of Administration. Under the actuarial funding method used by the System, investments are valued at fair value and all unrealized gains and losses are recognized over the next five years, therefore, contribution rates reflect the impact of market fluctuations on investments during the five-year period after they occur.

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2023, are summarized as follows:

	Prior to	On or after
Hire date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	2.00% @ 55	2.00% @ 62
Benefit vesting s chedule	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	50-55	52 - 67
Benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	1.50% to 2.00%	1.00% to 2.00%
Required employee contribution rates	11.33%	10.02%
Required employer contribution rates	32.94%	31.54%

Contributions – Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the Plans are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the contributions recognized as part of pension expense for each Plan were as follows:

Contributions-employer \$ 258,000

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2023, the District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate shares of the net pension liability of the Plan as follows:

Proportionate share of
Net pension liability

Miscellanous plan

\$ 1,237,154

The District's net pension liability for each Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. For the June 30, 2023 reporting period, the net pension liability of each of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability for each Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022 using standard update procedures. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

Note 8: Defined Benefit Pension Cost-Sharing Employer Plan (Continued)

The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as of June 30, 2022 and 2023 were as follows:

Proportion - June 30, 2022	0.027%
Proportion - June 30, 2023	0.071%
Change - increase (decrease)	0.044%

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$81,943. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	red outflows	rred inflows resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 104,332	\$ -
Changes in assumptions	93,263	(162,463)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	1,090,129	(1,082,101)
Changes in proportion and difference in proportionate share of contributions	39,166	(1,291)
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date Total	\$ 292,680 1,619,570	\$ (1,245,855)

\$292,680 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Measurement period

ended June 30:	_	
2024	\$	(11,197)
2025	\$	(29,366)
2026	\$	(132,231)
2027	\$	253,829
2028	\$	-
Thereafter	\$	_
2025 2026 2027 2028	\$ \$ \$	(29, (132,

Actuarial Assumptions – The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation date	June 30, 2022
Measurement date	June 30, 2022
Actuarial cost method	Entry-Age Normal Cost Method
Actuarial assumptions:	
Discount rate	6.75%
Inflation	2.75%
Projected salary increase	4.25% to 10.50%
Investment rate of return	6.75%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

Note 8: Defined Benefit Pension Cost-Sharing Employer Plan (Continued)

Discount Rate – The discount rates used to measure the Total Pension Liability (TPL) were 6.75% and 6.75% as of valuation dates June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, respectively. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate1 and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits for current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs for future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, the pension Plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TPL as of both June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021 valuation dates.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These returns are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adding expected inflation and subtracting expected investment expenses and a risk margin. The target allocation and projected arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, after deducting inflation, but before deducting investment expenses, used in the derivation of the long-term expected investment rate of return assumption are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target allocation	Long-term expected real rate of return		
U.S. Large Cap Equity	18.00%	5.42%		
U.S. Small Cap Equity	2.00%	6.21%		
International Developed Equity	16.00%	6.50%		
Emerging Market Equity	4.00%	8.80%		
Core Plus Bonds	10.00%	1.13%		
High Yield Bonds	1.00%	3.40%		
Global Bonds	3.00%	-0.04%		
Bank Loans	1.00%	3.89%		
U.S. Treasury	5.00%	0.30%		
Real Estate	5.00%	4.57%		
Cash	1.00%	-0.03%		
Liquid Real Return	2.00%	4.47%		
Hedge Fund Growth	3.00%	2.40%		
Hedge Fund Diversity	7.00%	2.40%		
Value Added Real Estate	2.00%	8.10%		
Private Equity	9.00%	9.40%		
Private Real Assets	7.00%	8.05%		
Private Credit	4.00%	5.60%		

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (NPL) for each Plan, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the NPL would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Disc	Discount rate -1%		ent discount	Discount rate +1% (7.75%)		
		(5.75%)	rate (6.75%)				
Miscellaneous	\$	2,546,052	\$	1,237,154	\$	165,684	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

Note 9: Post Employment Health Care Benefits

On August 20, 2015 the District Board of Directors approved participating in the retiree health care program with Sacramento County. The County retiree medical and dental premiums, contribution levels and eligibility and participation rules are reviewed and approved annually and at other times as needed. The District and all its retirees shall be subject to the same eligibility requirements and all other rules governing the County Retiree Health Insurance Program.

<u>Plan Description</u> The plan is a single-employer plan and it does not issue a publicly available report. The District participates in the County of Sacramento plan, which provides medical and dental insurance and subsidy/offset payments as authorized by the Board of Supervisors on an annual basis. The Board of Supervisors must approve the benefit annually or it is terminated.

All annuitants are eligible to enroll in a retiree medical and/or dental insurance plan in a given calendar year if (1) they began receiving a continuing retirement allowance from SCERS during the calendar year, or (2) they were enrolled in the annual plan previously approved by the County, or (3) they previously waived coverage but elected to enroll during the County authorized enrollment period with a coverage date effective January of the calendar year.

The amount of any medical subsidy/offset payments made available to eligible annuitants shall be calculated based upon the annuitants SCERS service credits.

Neither SCERS nor the County guarantees that a subsidy/offset payment will be made available to annuitants for the purchase of County-sponsored medical and/or dental insurance. Subsidy/offset payments are not a vested benefit of District employees or SCERS membership.

The amount of the subsidy/offset payment, if any, payable on account of enrollment in a County sponsored retiree medical and/or dental insurance plan is established within the sole discretion of the County Board of Supervisors. The amount of the subsidy/offset payments, the funding policy, the annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation as well as the funding status and actuarial methods and assumptions can be found in the Sacramento County Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Note 10: ERAF Property Tax Shift

During the 2022-23 fiscal year the County of Sacramento Department of Finance Auditor Controller Division shifted \$270,374 (estimated) property tax revenue from the Orangevale Recreation and Park District to the educational revenue augmentation fund (ERAF). The ERAF I property tax shift started during the 1992-1993 fiscal year to help solve the State budget crisis. The ERAF I shifts property tax revenues, designated for special districts, to community colleges and schools K-12. The accumulated total property tax revenues shifted from Orangevale Recreation and Park District from the 1992-1993 fiscal year through the 2022-23 fiscal year was \$5,012,698.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

Note 11: Gann Limit

Total Subject Revenue 2022-23	\$	2,522,237
Amount of limit for 2022-23	1	4,003,307
Amount (under)/over limit	\$	(1,481,070)

Under Article XIIIB of the California Constitution (the Gann Spending Limitation Initiative), California governmental agencies are restricted as to the amount of annual appropriation from proceeds of taxes. Under Section 10.5 of Article XIIIB the appropriations limit is required to be calculated based on the limit for the fiscal year 1986-87, adjusted for inflation and population factors as supplied by the State Department of Finance.

Note 12: Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

The District adopted a policy for GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting. GASB 54 establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. While the classifications of fund balance in the District's various governmental funds were revised, the implementation of this standard had no effect on total fund balance. Detailed information on governmental fund-type, fund balances are as follows:

	 General Fund	La &	rangevale andscape Lighting District		eveloper n-Lieu Fees	De	Park velopment Fees	Ass	Grove sessment District
Restricted for:									
Developer deposits	\$ 	\$		\$_	179,142	\$	571,417		
Total restricted	 				179,142		571,417		
Committed									
Assigned for:									
Capital replacement - Swimming Pool	200,000								
Capital Replacement - Community Center	150,000								
Capital Replacement - Parking Lots & Pathways	50,000								
Capital Replacement - Park Equipment	145,014								
Maintenance			299,997						29,231
Next years budget	981,720		620,105						
Total assigned	1,526,734		920,102		-				29,231
Unassigned	333,172					S-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11			
Total fund balance	\$ 1,859,906	_\$_	920,102	\$	179,142	\$	571,417	\$	29,231

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2023

Note 13: Commitments and Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

In the normal course of business, the District is a defendant in various lawsuits. Defence of lawsuits are typically handled by the District's insurance carrier and losses, if any, are expected to be covered by insurance. The District is unaware of any pending litigation or other contingencies which would have a material effect on the financial condition or liquidity of the District.

As of June 30, 2023 the District had professional service agreements and had committed to a long-term copier operating lease.

Note 14: Subsequent Events

Subsequent events were evaluated through December 4, 2023 the date these financial statements were available for distribution.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	, , ,	Original Budget	 Final Budget	-	Actual	Fa	ariance avorable favorable)
Revenues					4 760 404	Φ	06014
Property taxes	\$	1,724,280	\$ 1,724,280	\$	1,760,494	\$	36,214
Intergovernmental revenues		234,000	234,000		12,464		(221,536)
Charges for current services		552,000	552,000		610,993		58,993
Use of money and property		208,500	208,500		260,226		51,726
Other revenues		4,400	4,400		25,577	·	21,177
Total revenues		2,723,180	2,723,180		2,669,754		(53,426)
Expenditures							
Salaries and benefits		2,005,220	2,073,220		1,956,343		116,877
Services and supplies		652,350	652,350		551,543		100,807
Debt service		73,300	73,300		68,006		5,294
Capital outlay		770,000	770,000		78,000		692,000
Total expenditures		3,500,870	3,568,870		2,653,892		914,978
Total revenues over (under) expenditures Before other financing sources (uses) Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(777,690)	 (845,690)		15,862		861,552
Operating transfers in			33,082		5,302		(27,780)
Total other financing sources (uses)			 33,082		5,302		(27,780)
Total other financing sources (uses)			33,002				(=1,700)
Net change in fund balance *	\$	(777,690)	\$ (812,608)		21,164		833,772
Fund balances, beginning of fiscal year					1,838,742		
Fund balances, end of fiscal year					1,859,906		

^{*} Budget was balanced using carryover fund balance.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE ORANGEVALE LANDSCAPE AND LIGHTING DISTRICT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

							V	ariance
	(Original		Final			Fa	vorable
	Budget		Budget		Actual		(Unfavorable	
Revenues	·							
Assessments	\$	568,401	\$	568,401	\$	564,898	\$	(3,503)
Use of money and property		4,900		4,900		26,607		21,707
Total revenues	,	573,301		573,301		591,505		18,204
Expenditures								
Services and supplies		566,900		566,900		463,553		103,347
Capital outlay		328,000		328,000		11,668		316,332
Total expenditures		894,900		894,900		475,221		419,679
Net change in fund balance	\$	(321,599)	\$	(321,599)		116,284		437,883
Fund balances, beginning of fiscal y	ear				-	803,818		
Fund balances, end of fiscal year					\$	920,102		

^{*} Budget was balanced using carryover fund balance.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE PLAN'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY JUNE 30, 2023

Reporting date for employer under GASB 68 as of June 30	District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	District's covered-employee payroll	District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
6/30/2014	0.079%	\$1,117,117	\$575,000	194.28%	83.94%
6/30/2015	0.062%	\$476,789	\$611,000	78.03%	93.16%
6/30/2016	0.066%	\$760,573	\$592,000	128.48%	89.46%
6/30/2017	0.075%	\$1,307,940	\$593,000	220.56%	83.21%
6/30/2018	0.070%	\$1,455,733	\$590,000	246.73%	82.52%
6/30/2019	0.069%	\$1,359,091	\$639,000	212.69%	84.67%
6/30/2020	0.069%	\$1,434,493	\$642,000	223.44%	85.10%
6/30/2021	0.074%	\$2,000,225	\$745,000	268.49%	80.55%
6/30/2022	0.027%	\$113,536	\$731,000	15.53%	98.92%
6/30/2023	0.071%	\$1,237,154	\$822,000	150.51%	89.09%

The schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years, however, until the 10-year trend is compiled, only information for those years which is available will be presented.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS JUNE 30, 2023

Reporting date for employer under GASB 68 as of June 30	Contractually required contribution	Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	Contribution deficiency (excess)		Contribution as a percentage of covered employee payroll
6/30/2014	\$162,000	(\$162,000)	\$0	\$575,000	28.17%
6/30/2015	\$172,000	(\$172,000)	\$0	\$611,000	28.15%
6/30/2016	\$180,000	(\$180,000)	\$0	\$592,000	30.41%
6/30/2017	\$165,000	(\$165,000)	\$0	\$593,000	27.82%
6/30/2018	\$149,000	(\$149,000)	\$0	\$590,000	25.25%
6/30/2019	\$148,000	(\$148,000)	\$0	\$639,000	23.16%
6/30/2020	\$184,000	(\$184,000)	\$0	\$642,000	28.66%
6/30/2021	\$209,000	(\$209,000)	\$0	\$745,000	28.05%
6/30/2022	\$223,000	(\$223,000)	\$0	\$731,000	30.51%
6/30/2023	\$258,000	(\$258,000)	\$0	\$822,000	31.39%

The schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years, however, until the 10-year trend is compiled, only information for those years which is available will be presented.

NOTE TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2023

Note 1: Budgets and Budgetary Accounting:

As required by State law the District prepares and legally adopts a final operating budget. Public hearings were conducted on the proposed and final budget to review all appropriations and the sources of financing.

The budgets for the general fund and special revenue funds are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

At the object level, actual expenditures cannot exceed budgeted appropriations. Management can transfer budgeted amounts between expenditure accounts within an object without the approval of the Board of Directors. Significant amendments and appropriation transfers between objects or funds must be approved by the Board of Directors. Appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

The budgetary data presented in the accompanying financial statements includes all revisions approved by the Board of Directors.